W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

# Victoria Daily Times.

The People's Popular
Prescription Pharmacy
Makes a Specialty
Of the accurate dispensing
Of Prescriptions.
Open Day and Night.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1893. No. 225

Have you tried PLUM?
Gold Leaf, Long Cut.
SAMPLE PACKAGE FREE.
HARRY L. SALMON,
Salmon Block. 101 Government St.

SEAL TEETH
Mounted for Brooches, Ear-Rings, Watch Charms, Cuff Links, Breast Pins, Etc. by PENNOCK & LOWE, The Jewellers, 63 Government St., Next to Spencer's.

THE WESTSIDE
IS PREEMINENTLY
THE MANTLE AND JACKET HOUSE
OF THE PROVINCE.

We have no hesitation is saying that our stock of Mantles, Jackets, Capes and Waterproofs is the largest and best assorted in the city. Our sales in this department so far for this fall have been of a most satisfactory nature, thereby assuring us that our efforts are appreciated. We would like every lady in Victoria, whether intending to purchase or not, to visit our showroom, get quotations and compare prices with those of any other store, even if they do pretend to sell at cost. These goods are purchased direct from the manufacturers, and we can afford to sell them at from 25 to 30 per cent. cheaper than houses that have to pay several intermediate profits.

Sept. 21, 1893. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

E. A. MORRIS,
The Leading Tobacconist,
Colonist Block,
Government St.

W. H. PERRY,

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.
Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.
42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

WEILER BROS.
Latest Arrivals
Japanese Leather Paperhangings, 30 in. wide
Japanese Drapery Crepes, 27 in. wide
Art Cambric Prints } For Curtains,
Sateen Cretone } Draperies, Etc.
White Satin Finish & Marcella Bed Quilts
Table, Banquet and Library Lamps
Tea Kettles with Wrought Iron Stands
New additions to Furniture and Carpet Stocks always arriving.
SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

YOUR MONEY'S WORTH FOR YOUR MONEY
Is what you receive from us.
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.
The finest assortment of Ready-Made Clothing ever seen in British Columbia is now on exhibition at our store. While others are complaining of hard times we are selling more good ready-made Suits than ever before. See our windows. Suits from $15 to $25, and no trouble to sell them; they sell themselves because they are just what the people want. No other stores have the same class of goods.
We have all sizes up to 50 in. chest measure. Suits for big men a specialty.
We have all styles—Single and Double Breasted Sac., Single and Double Breasted Frock, Full Dress Suits, Eaton Suits. An inspection solicited.
Boot and Shoe Department next door below.
35 & 37 Johnson St., Victoria. GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Found—Black spaniel dog; owner can have same by paying expenses. Apply at Times Office. Sept. 25-1t.

THE CITY CATTLE MARKET.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO,

are instructed to include in their

AUCTION SALE

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27

AT 2 P.M.

One Splendid Matched Pair of Cream Colored Horses, with Silver Tails,

seven and eight years old, 15 2-4 hands, quiet and sound. This is one of the best matched, most valuable and stylish teams ever offered by public auction in the city. The horses are well known in the city for their action, pace and beauty, and are offered for unreserved sale. Also the

ENGLISH TWO-SEATED PHAETON

very handsomely upholstered in Russian leather; Double Set of Harness, one Top Buggy, one One Phaeton, Grey Mare, one Colt, Horse, Harness and Cart, one Very Fine Buggy and Saddle Horse, and several head of Stock, which will be more particularly mentioned in Tuesday's or Wednesday's paper.

H. CUTHBERT & Co.,
se25-td Market Auctioneers.

W. Dufour & Co.

Have received instructions from Mrs. Matthews to sell

BY AUCTION

—ON—

THURSDAY, SEPT'R 28th,

At 1.30 p.m. sharp, at her residence.

No. 337 Johnson Street,

—HER VALUABLE—

Household Furniture and Effects,

—COMPRISING—

PARLOR.

Parlor Suite, solid walnut, upholstered rose and cardinal plush; 7 pieces.
1 Peterson's patent double action pneumatic piano, rosewood; cost $750.
Carpet, Rug, poles, blinds and lace curtains.

DINING-ROOM.

1 Elegant Sideboard, solid walnut, granite marble top, plate glass mirror.
1 Solid Walnut Bookcase and Writing Desk.
1 Large Hanging Lamp and Lustres.
1 Bed Lounge, upholstered myrtle green plush.
1 Extension Table, solid oak, 7 leaves.
4 Chairs, Rocker, Mantel Clock, Pictures, Carpet, Rug, Fire Irons and Stand, Fire Guard, Blinds, Curtains and Poles.

BREAKFAST-ROOM.

Extension Table, 2 leaves.
Walnut Lounge, Parlor Cook stove, Linoleum, etc., etc.
Contents of four bedrooms, comprising Bedroom Suites, Carpets, Blinds, etc., etc.
Also one well-bred General Purpose Bay Stallion "Seal," by "Baker's Mark," dam "Clifford Mare of Edinburgh;" quiet in single and double harness and to ride.
1 English Saddle and Bridle.
Sale to commence at 1.30 p.m. sharp.
Horse and saddle will be sold at 3 p.m.

W. DUFOUR & CO.,
se25 3t Auctioneers.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 26,

1893.

AUCTION SALE

—AT—

Dufour's Auction Rooms

102 Douglas Street,

A CHOICE LOT OF

Furniture, Carpets,

Crockery, Stoves, Etc.

SALE AT 1.30 O'CLOCK P. M.

### General Dispatches.

Berlin, Sept. 25.—The naval manoeuvres which have been in progress for the past two weeks in the Baltic ended today with an attack on Kiel. The evolutions were conducted by Admiral von Goltz from the flagship Mars. Two squadrons, the strongest fleet that Germany has ever collected under one command, was combined to make the attack. The spectacle was witnessed by an immense number of spectators. Admirable work was done upon the land, but the fleet had decidedly the better of it.

Rome, Sept. 25.—It is learned on trustworthy authority that the Vatican has received advices from the United States stating that the differences among the Roman catholic clergy have been adjusted. All the groups opposed to Mgr. Satolli have submitted.

Berlin, Sept. 25.—Sergt. Wagomann of the Fusiliers, while drunk and under arrest, shot and killed Private Kambonsky and then suicided.

# FORBIDDEN TO GIN

Eastern Mississippi Cotton Ginners Set a Warning.

WHITECAPS TAKE THE MATTER IN HAND

Disregard of Their Orders to Desist From Ginning.

Will Mean Destruction of Offenders Premises by Fire—Large Area Affected by the Injunction—Condition of the Cotton Industry in the South Western States.

Brandon, Miss., Sept. 25.—The whitecappers in Eastern Mississippi and western Alabama have posted a notice on the doors of every gin house that if a bale of cotton is ginned before the price shall have reached ten cents, the offenders' property will be burned. In the country within a radius of 100 miles of Brandon it is estimated there are nearly 1000 gins, average output five bales each, for 70 days. There are not 50 of these gins now in operation and not a hundred bales of cotton have been received at the railroad in eastern Mississippi this season. Unless a resolute protection is given the ginners by the state none of them will steam for weeks to come. New Orleans merchants are beginning to close down upon the country merchants and a number of them necessarily have to suspend. There is no telling when the crop can be moved.

### Telegraphy and Eyesight.

New York, Sept. 25.—Telegraph operators in this city are discussing with considerable interest the recent debate in the English house of commons concerning the rule by which all candidates for positions in the telegraph department are compelled to submit their teeth to the examination of a dental surgeon before being accepted, and the refusal of the postmaster general to hold the rule in abeyance pending the investigations of a special committee. The rule in question is based, it is claimed, upon a new medical theory that unsound teeth are affected by electricity, and that as a consequence operators whose molars are not in first-class condition are apt to become rattled and confused, and thus liable to make mistakes. It is also claimed that when eye teeth are affected the telegraphers, especially in the case of women, are apt to suffer from failing eyesight or from weakness of sight after a long day's work. The rule, however, appears to work many hardships. Advices from London say that investigation set on foot since the matter was brought before the house of commons show that numbers of candidates for positions in the telegraph service have been compelled to dispense with teeth that were absolutely sound. In one case a young woman was refused examination papers until she consented to have eight teeth drawn, and the molars were afterwards pronounced by the consulting staff of a dental hospital to be perfectly sound. In another case a male operator lost four good double teeth under similar circumstances. The telegraphers threaten to appeal to the courts, but are afraid of losing their positions.

### Appeal to the Pope.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 25.—The 15,000 creditors of the late Archbishop John B. Purcell say their claims, with interest, now aggregate $8,000,000. When Mgr. Satolli visited Cincinnati he promised to transmit to Rome any statement they chose to prepare. A lengthy letter addressed to the pope, written by S. A. Miller, attorney for the Purcell creditors' association, was mailed on Saturday to Mgr. Satolli at Washington. It sets forth that money was borrowed for the church, and the pope is appealed to to recognize the moral obligation of the church and relieve the creditors, many of whom are needy.

### Spat in His Face.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 25.—Col. John A. Wimpy, a leading lawyer, returned from Congersville on Saturday. While arguing a commercial case in court there Dr. J. J. Dearing, aged 75, who had a pecuniary interest in it, spat in his face. He knocked the doctor senseless with his cane. This so angered the citizens that that they would have mobbed him had not the sheriff locked him in jail until the arrival of the train.

### Roman Catholic Education.

Dubuque, Ia., Sept. 25.—Archbishop Hennessy preached at the cathedral yesterday on Christian education, which he said was the special work of the church in this day and this country. To it, he continued, he would devote himself. The plenary council at Baltimore, the council of archbishops of New York and Rome, after mature deliberation, pronounced in favor of parochial schools. There could be no compromise on the question. With all his power of heart and mind and with all the force of his spiritual authority he would support the claims of the church as guardian of her children.

### The Doom of Plaquemine.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 25.—The state has condemned the front part of the town of Plaquemine and it has been left out of the new levee and at the mercy of the Mississippi. Plaquemine has been fighting the river for several years but with little success. Three years ago the front of the town had been abandoned on account of the encroachment of the river, and a large number of houses were also abandoned. The United States then took the matter in hand and expensive works were begun to prevent a further cavity of the river. These have failed and state engineers now insist upon building the levee 250 feet further from the river from Court to Pennsylvania streets, leaving out of it several valuable squares with stores and dwellings, in the mud. At the rate of caving in lately at Plaquemine the town is considered by no means safe, and it is thought it will be a very short time before another 250 feet of land will have to be given up. Plaquemine is a prosperous town, the largest cypress lumber centre in the country.

### MURPHY'S MOUTH CLOSED.

Death Puts a Stopper on Anything He Had to Say.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—Prof. King with his survey chiefs and other members of his staff returned here to-day from Alaska, where they were locating the boundary. Prof. Klotz is visiting Chicago on his way here.

A private telegram was received in the city to-day that Owen M. Murphy, wanted here as a witness in the Connelly-McGreevy case, died at New Haven, Conn., this morning. No cause of death is given in the dispatch.

### SPANISH AMERICA.

Mello's Movements — The Argentine Revolutionists.

Montevideo, Sept. 25.—Admiral Mello, commander of the rebel fleet of Brazil, has renewed the blockade of Rio de Janeiro, and is now organizing a squadron to sail for the northern ports. It is rumored that his destination first of all is Para. Ruy Barbos, who recently escaped from Rio de Janeiro, has published a letter in which he says the navy under Mello is defending the rights of the Brazilian people against President Peixoto's military tyranny and despotic rule.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 25.—The situation here is extremely grave. The government apparently fears combined action of army officers of high rank and naval commanders. Many removals have taken place. Radicals say they will prolong their agitation until Pena resigns and declare they have no doubt he will resign. Official circles expect a revolution of big proportions to begin at any moment. A fight between revolters and part of Bosch's troops has occurred in Santiago del Esterro and resulted in the rout of the revolters. The governor of Sante Fe has asked for aid in suppressing an expected revolution in his province. The government continues making arrests. Gen. Mansella is one of the last batch of prisoners. New precautionary measures are being taken almost incessantly by the government in hope of crushing the revolution.

Hermosillo, Mex., Sept. 25.—Advices have reached here of the suicide of C. H. Root, American vice-consul at Guayamas. He shot himself through the head. Deceased had lived for many years at that port and was also connected with the Sonora railway. He was 50. No cause is assigned for the act.

City of Mexico, Sept. 25.—Thomas T. Crittenden, American consul-general, will have an interview with the minister of finance soon. The tariff obstacles to an increase of American trade with this country will be discussed in all their various phases. The policy of Mexico at present is not favorable to reciprocity, but tends rather towards lower duties and the impartial treatment of all nations. The minister of finance favors taxing heavily brocaded cotton manufactures to increase revenues. He is sustained in this position by the press and public opinion.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 25.—It is reported that Dr. Alem, leader of the revolting radicals, has been assassinated in Santa Fe.

### WHITE LAUNDRY WORKERS.

A Combination of American Launderers Against Coolie Labor.

Indianapolis, Sept. 25.—A national convention of laundry workers, called at the instance of the American Federation of Labor, opened in the large club-room of the Hotel English to-day. Fifty delegates were present, representing Troy, N. Y., St. Louis, Mo., Logansport, Ind., St. Paul, Evansville, Poughkeepsie, Philadelphia and New York City. Two unions in the latter city, the Laundry Workers, No. 6124, and the Shirt Ironers and Laundry Workers, 6041, were represented.

The convention has been called to organize the laundry workers of the country in one body, and thus enabling them to meet and overcome all obstacles to their interest. The convention was called to order by Joseph J. Jessupp, and Miss Elizabeth Grim, corresponding secretary of the movement, delivered an address of welcome. These and other speakers said that the unorganized condition of the laundry workers of the country called for immediate action. The numerous but unavailing efforts that had heretofore been made to organize the craft have had a tendency to discourage honest workers of other trades from giving their attention to this branch of industry, while the close and unfair competition into which the laundry workers were forced, not only by the greed and rapacity of capital, which forces them to compete with convict labor in the prisons, but by the working people themselves, who through ignorance compelled them to the deeper degredation of competing with leprous and disease breathing coolie Chinamen, called for a more serious and determined effort.

It was evident, said the chairman, that a national union of laundry workers alone can save the trade from the ruin and degradation into which it has fallen. At the close of the addresses the usual committees on credentials and organization were appointed. Among the resolutions handed in is one appealing to union men and women in the United States to divert their own patronage and that of their acquaintances from the Chinese laundries, on the ground that every cent expended on these people is a contribution towards a system of slavery that is hostile to the spirit of the American constitution, the American idea of liberty, and to the American workers.

The convention will be in session for three days, and, according to one of the delegates, it means the inauguration of a movement that will never be suspended until every Chinese laundry in the land has been exterminated.

Is your tongue coated? It is biliousness. Get Ecclay's Liver Lozenges at once. 25c.

# CAUGHT IN TIME

Austrian Police Anticipate a Great Anarchist Plot.

INGENIOUSLY CONSTRUCTED BOMBS

And Valuable Documents Seized in Their Quarters.

Evidence That the Scheme of Destruction Was Widespread—H.M.S. Camperdown Runs Aground at Valetta Harbor Mouth—Gets Off Soon After With Little Damage.

Vienna, Sept. 25.—The arrest of a number of Anarchists here and at Brunn reveals the existence of a widespread Anarchist plot. Seven more were arrested to-day. Proof against all arrested persons is said to be overwhelming. The police got a clue through a brawl between a number of Anarchists and Socialists. It is charged that suspension of the constitutional law of Prague and other towns had much to do with the plot. In addition to a number of papers seized, the police seized a number of bombs of a most destructive nature, and other ingenious explosives. The discovery has caused much excitement among the officials.

### The Unlucky Camperdown.

Valetta, Malta, Sept. 25.—The British battleship Camperdown, flagship of Rear Admiral Markham, grounded this morning at the entrance to the harbor. Efforts to float her thus far have been unsuccessful. She is in a dangerous position.

A later advice says the Camperdown floated at 2 p. m., slightly damaged.

### Financial Villainy.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 25.—Suits are to be filed in a day or two charging that the Louisville Deposit Bank was organized simply to save the German National bank from ruin, and that it was deliberately looted and wrecked by its president, Moses Schwartz, for the benefit of himself and the German National. The National had been carrying Schwartz for years, and he knew he was insolvent, so that to save itself from bankruptcy the bank entered into a conspiracy with him to wreck the Deposit Bank after inveighing men to take its stock, and its statement that the National would cease business and turn its funds and patronage over to depositors was only one course among many to induce men to go into the new bank. Schwartz and his friends owe the bank over $300,000, and as expenses and other charges are to come off there is not much margin for creditors. The number of depositors was fortunately small, and in the course of time the depositors who are not directors will probably receive all their money.

### Baffled Bandits.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 25.—The Kansas City, St. Joe & Council Bluffs R.R. foiled an attempt to rob a passenger train. Two bandits were killed and three others captured. The dead are Ed Kohler and Higo Indall; the captured were named Frederick, Hersh and Harvey. Train No. 3, the intended victim, left Kansas City at 9:05 last night and arrived here at 12:30 on Monday morning. The officials of the road had been notified that a robbery was planned. They warned the police when the train arrived here and a dummy train was made up. Sixteen police officers and the chief were put aboard. To deceive the robbers the train was made an exact duplicate of train No. 3. When the dummy was near St. Joseph the engineer was signalled and stopped. Six masked men surrounded the engine. One of the men mounted the engine and covered the engineer and firemen with revolvers. The other five hastened to rob the passenger cars. They ordered the passengers to open the door, which they did, and three robbers entered the car. Here most of the police were concealed, and the robbers on entering the car were ordered to surrender, but instead opened fire. A fusillade followed, and when the smoke cleared away two robbers were found dead and a third named Frederick was arrested. None of the policemen were injured. The other two robbers keeping watch outside were captured. The robber standing guard on the engineer and firemen, hearing the shooting, fled. The bodies and the captured bandits were brought here.

### The Dynamite Outrage.

San Francisco, Sept. 25.—The feeling over the dynamite outrage on the water front is intense. Merchants and ship owners state that unless the authorities take precautions affairs will be in a very dangerous condition before the winter. They point to a record of wanton destruction of property and assaults on persons without the slightest provocation. They also state that the recent transfer of seven seamen to San Pedro accompanied by detectives, and ask that they allow the police department the use of a tug for a wharf patrol. The governor has offered a reward of $1,000 for the arrest and conviction of the water front dynamiter.

### Fafard's Experience.

Quebec, Sept. 25.—Edouard Fafard, who was found gagged and tied at Levis on Saturday, is slowly regaining consciousness. Fafard's valise, which could not be found at first, was discovered yesterday near the place where he was found on Saturday. This valise must have been placed there between Saturday night and Sunday morning. Two gold watches belonging to Fafard were found in the valise, as were also his revolver and cartridges, a Chicago transcontinental ticket, dated Sept. 15th, a Montreal paper of Sept. 15th, the day he disappeared, and some clothing. The detectives are working on the case, which promises to be interesting.

Are you subject to sick headache? So were others, before they used Ecclay's Liver Lozenges. They will cure you. 25c.

## AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

### Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 23.—Deputy U.S. Marshal Joe Shely has captured and placed in jail here A. B. Jandro Quincns, who was private secretary of Catarino Garza, the Mexican revolutionary leader. He 's charged with violation of U. S. neutrality laws.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 23.—The agent of the Arlington mill announces that the entire weaving department will be started on Monday next, with portions of the carding, spinning and dyeing departments.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 23.—The Washington Trust Co. of New York sued the Wheeling Bridge & Terminal Co. in the United States court for the appointment of a receiver. It is alleged the company has failed since December, 1892, to pay interest on bonds to the amount of $2,000,000.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 23.—The express companies running out of Omaha are putting burglar proof safes in their cars. The Missouri Pacific has always had burglar proof safes on the through runs. From this time on all money on through runs will be put in burglar proof safes. Supt. Garner of the American company says that when train robbers realize that even if they get a safe it will be one they cannot open they will let trains alone.

New York, Sept. 23.—Among the passengers on the Campania was Rt. Hon. James Shanks, lord mayor of Dublin, Ireland.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 25.—Despite the public agitation in which both parents and scholars have been active in fomenting, corporal punishment is still to be permitted in the public schools, and the privilege hitherto allowed the teachers of applying their rulers to the rear anatomy of their male scholars and the palms of the girls is not to be interfered with. Some of the parents are now talking about organizing for the purpose of prosecuting any teacher who may abuse his or her privilege by subjecting scholars to brutal treatment.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Elaborate exercises were held to-day in Music Hall at Jackson Park in recognition of Knights of Honor day at the Columbian Exposition. The speakers included Supreme Director Bellamy of North Carolina, Judge Savage of Maine, ex-supreme director; Supreme Reporter Nelson of St. Louis, and Grand Dictator Garrett of Illinois. The Knights turned out to a total of several thousand.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Odd Fellows from all over the country have been coming during the past 24 hours to take part in the conclave and demonstration that is to last for three days, and is intended as the Odd Fellows' tribute to the Fair. A delegation of nearly 3,000 from Kansas alone, headed by the grand lodge of the state, will arrive during the day. Gen. Underwood and the supreme officers are already here. Twenty-five thousand members of the order are expected to parade to-morrow.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 25.—The Milwaukee National bank, which suspended two months ago, was reopened for business to-day by permission of the comptroller of the currency. The quarter of a million of capital stock has been doubled and the bank resumes in first-class shape.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—By letters received here by several friends, ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster, who was one of the participants in the Behring Sea arbitration, announces that he has changed his plan, and that, instead of returning to this country next month he will make a tour of Turkey, India, China and Japan, visiting most of the missionary stations that are in his course. He expects to be absent over a year.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—What is claimed to be the largest exhibition of sheep and swine ever held in this country opened this morning at the stock ring attached to the exposition. It will continue until Oct. 14th. The prizes are extremely liberal, and this fact is largely attributed to the size of the show. The number of entries by breeders from the several states is as follow: Swine—Illinois 214, Indiana 132, Idowa 91, Kansas 23, Kentucky 5, Michigan 83, Minnesota 1, Missouri 55, Nebraska 196, New York 134, Ohio 241, Ontario 36, Pennsylvania 53, Wisconsin 15. Total, 1,418. Sheep—Illinois 90, Indiana 73, Kansas 52, Kentucky 19, Michigan 116, Minnesota 17, Missouri 55, Nebraska 13, New York 121, New Jersey 22, Ontario 431, Pennsylvania 81, Russia 24, Vermont 91, Wisconsin 75. Total 1,306.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—There should have been a great demonstration of Christian Endeavorers at Jackson Park to-day, but the event is off. This is due to the decision of John Willis Baer, general secretary of the society, and Secretary Holdredge, of the Illinois branch. They asked that the name of the society be taken from the calendar. It is understood that the Endeavorers are dspleased because of the behavior of the Fair authorities on the Sunday question.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—In the United States court to-day the case of the Chase Bros. Piano Manufacturing Company of Michigan against John Boyd Thatcher and the World's Fair musical bureau for a permanent injunction restraining them from examining exhibits or making awards is on the docket for argument. The jury is composed of Hugh A. Clarke of Pennsylvania, E. P. Carpenter of Illinois, Florence Ziegfeld of Illinois, George Steck of New York, V. J. Hlavac of St. Petersburg and Max Schiedmayer of Stuttgart. It is alleged that several members of the jury are so related to competitors as to be incapable of acting without prejudice. The act of the national commission in delegating the matter of awards to Mr. Thacher is also questioned.

### Twenty-Five Years for Murder.

San Francisco, Sept. 23.—Mrs. Louise Worthington was sentenced this morning by Judge Sewell to 25 years in San Quentin for killing Henry Bradley. The prisoner is enciente.

### For Abetting a Prize Fight.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., Sept. 23.—Bud Lally and Jim Murray fought a prize fight here recently. Yesterday F. L. Davis, public prosecutor, began action to revoke the Indiana charter of the Ohio & Mississippi railroad company over whose track a train of cars was run for the fight. The petition declares that the railroad company did unlawfully transport from Cincinnati to Dearborn county, Ind., 153 men known to defendants as reputed thieves, burglars and outlaws, who broke into the fair grounds to assist Lally and Murray in a bloody and brutal prize fight. The plaintiff demands that judgment of ouster against defendant and forfeiture of all its franchises or corporate rights be declared.

### Nicaragua Canal.

Managua, Nicaragua, Sept. 23.—The government will be asked in congress regarding the condition of the canal and the precise condition of the company. Although work on the canal is within the letter of the contract, it is claimed that the spirit of the law has been violated and that the company has not given sufficient guarantee. Inquiry will be made into the solvency of the company and its ability to carry out its contract within the specified time.

### Atlantic Shipping.

New York, Sept. 23.—Arrived: Nava, Southampton; Massachusetts, London; Sorrente, Hamburg.

Arrived out: Suevia, Hamburg; Tauric, Liverpool; Virginia, Swinemunde; Brittanic, Lisbon; Normannia, Hamburg.

Sighted: Friesland, for Antwerp, passed the Lizard; Deruyter, for Antwerp, off the Lizard; Loch Maree, Rotterdam for New York, off the Lizard; Manhattan for Dover, off Browhead.

Sailed from foreign ports: Ethiopia, Glasgow for New York; Christiana, Copenhagen for New York; Mohawk, London for New York.

### Mr. Laurier and Ontario.

The reception that is being given to Mr. Laurier, and that which awaits Sir John Thompson, will, we are sure, prove that the people of Ontario have no prejudice against a man on account of his religion. When we say the people of Ontario, we of course except the demagogues who try to make money, or business, or popularity, or secure office by constantly fanning the embers of sectarian hate. They are alleged Protestants whose Protestantism consists solely in hating Catholics and in trying to make something out of the historic aversion of Protestantism to Popery, and there are Catholics whose Catholicism is mainly hatred of Protestantism; but these two classes are not the people of Ontario. They are fortunately, but a small fraction of the people. The great majority are tolerant, and say let a man worship his God as he pleases provided he does not interfere with the rights and liberties of others. This is the historic ground of Presbyterianism, and the strong men of the church, lay and clerical, never think of taking any other. The Presbyterian church never asks public favor for its members on sectarian grounds, and it never refuses fairplay to any human being because he bows at a different altar. Ours is one of the few churches that occupies strong, manly, consistent ground on this question. We ask no favors and we give none. Our men win their public positions in a square, manly fight; and the supreme court never intrigues for their success, nor whines when they are beaten. If all the churches were like the Presbyterian this country would not be cursed with so many corporate votes. —Canada Presbyterian.

### Diamonds for the Masses.

An ingenious young Frenchman, according to the report of Prince Krapotkin in the Nineteenth Century, has succeeded in making diamonds. They are not merely diamond-like crystals, like those obtained through the experiments of his numerous predecessors in this interesting field, but real diamonds, white and translucent, which scratch ruby and have a typical diamond cleavage.

The way he did it is described in brief as follows: He knew the capacity of iron of absorbing carbon at a high temperature and of giving it back in the form of crystals while cooling. He imagined that by heating the iron to an extraordinarily high temperature and cooling it under high pressure it might give off, instead of common graphite, crystals often seen in the iron foundry, "the still denser form of carbon—that is, diamonds." So he stuffed a soft iron cylinder full of purified sugar charcoal, plugged up the ends of the cylinder and thrust into it a mass of melted iron at a temperature of 5400 degrees Fahrenheit. When the iron had become thoroughly saturated with carbon he thrust the whole crucible into a pail of cold water until the surface of the iron mass was cooled to a dull red, whereupon the crucible was removed and placed in the air to cool slowly. Afterward the iron was dissolved in hydrochloric acid and three different varieties of carbon crystals remained as a residue, among them a few grains of fine diamond dust.

They were not very big, but, as Prince Krapotkin says, M. Moissan intends to persevere and get bigger diamonds after a while. If he can make a diamond as big as a pin point he or some of his successors ought to be able to make a diamond as big as a doughnut. If he can make one he can make a million. With good work in the laboratory diamonds ought to be a drug in the market. First, modest citizens who hitherto have been contented with large hunks of glass will decorate themselves with diamond pins. Then people will begin to use diamonds to stop up the mouths of vinegar cruets. Later on they will be used as lamp chimneys and as buttons for the waistcoats of bartenders. Boys will play marbles with them. The larger ones will be used as hitching blocks. They will be delivered at the back door the way coal is now delivered. They will be used to fill in the streets. By the end of the century the council will be passing an order paving Blue Island avenue with rose diamonds from Harrison to Gurley street. About this time some one from Kansas or Missouri, or wherever the roost of the Jubjub bird may be at the time will suggest that they be coined into money, and then we will wish M. Moissan had fallen into his own crucible.


### All Men

Young, old or middle aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpation of the heart, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all the symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, send 10c in stamps sealed. Address M. V. Lubon, 24 Macdonnell ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada.


## KILLED BY DYNAMITE.

### Crushing Arguments Used by Union Seamen to Convince Opponents.

San Francisco, Sept. 23.—One of the most fiendish deeds in the criminal history of the city was perpetrated here to-night. Shortly after midnight a dynamite bomb was exploded in a water front boarding house filled with non-union sailors, resulting in the instant death of three inmates and the probable fatal injury of seven more, while many sustained less serious injuries. The terrific explosion occurred in a house on Main street, between Howard and Folsom, kept by John Curtain. The house was filled with non-union sailors, and it was Curtain's custom to secure berths for his patrons on ships employing non-union men. In this way he naturally incurred the enmity of the sailors' union.

Less than a week ago his place was entered by a crowd of union men led by a man named John Terrell. Curtain was threatened, and upon leaving his house the men told him he had only a short time to live.

To-night all the inmates had retired as usual, and the house was quiet when the explosion occurred, shaking the city for blocks. The entire front of the boarding house was torn away, carrying the front of an adjacent structure with it. Men were thrown from their beds across the street. A large hole was blown through the sidewalk into the basement, into which numbers of men were thrown. Main street was filled with the debris, among which were the dead and dying. An ambulance was quickly on the scene, and, taking three severely wounded, started for the hospital, but one of the men died before it was reached. As the work of rescue progressed it was found that several men had had limbs torn from their bodies. So far two dead bodies have been taken from the ruins and seven severely injured.

Two of the dead are Brick McGinnis and George Holmes. John Terrell was arrested in a neighboring lodging house and placed in prison. The police are looking for seven other union sailors whom they suspect of being implicated in the plot.


## How to Get Rid of Your Burden.

Owing to the prevalence of disease the world is full of pain and misery. One form of disease that is too often neglected is liver complaint. This disease is found in the acute and chronic forms. A morbid condition or degeneration of the liver cannot be trifled with; the sufferer must receive the best treatment without loss of time. If you are bilious, feverish, weak and dizzy, your liver is wrong. If you have bitter taste, shooting pains under the right shoulder, dry short cough, irregularity of the bowels, fullness or dull pain in the region of the liver, you certainly have liver complaint in its truest form.

Our honest advice is to avoid what is called "doctoring." Your safety and life depend wholly on Paine's Celery Compound, the only medicine known to the medical faculty that can remove every trouble. The proprietors of Paine's Celery Compound have in their possession hundreds of letters from well-known Canadians testifying to the perfect curing power of the great medicine. Paine's Celery Compound has cured obstinate cases of liver complaint after all physicians had failed. One bottle of the great compound is sufficient to prove its worth.


### Hunting for Truffles.

While the author of "Wanderings by Southern Waters" was in the south of France he engaged an old man to show him how truffles were gathered. At the appointed time the man appeared with a pig walking by his side—an ugly-looking beast with an arched back and a long, turned-up nose. It was four years old and in the language of the place was quite "serious." As a mark of distinction it wore a leather collar. The three hunters—the two men and the pig—climbed the rocky side of a steep gorge and came out upon a plateau. Here, under the oak trees, they were to find the truffles, which grow only near oaks or hazels.

At a sign from the old man, the pig began sniffing about the roots of a little tree, and then proceeded to dig with her nose, tossing up the large stones as if they were feathers. She had smelt a truffle and the man seized her by the ear, for her manner was suspicious. This was the first time they had seen out together since the last season, and the pig had forgotten part of her education.

She manages to get a truffle into her mouth. He tugs at her with one hand and uses his stick upon her nose with the other. The pig screams with anger but will not open her jaws wide enough to let him slip the stick inside and let him hook out the truffle.

The prize is swallowed and the old man, forgetful of all decorum, calls his assistant a pig, which in France is always an insult. The game has opened badly, although one of the parties concerned is of a different opinion.

In a few minutes, however, a second truffle is found, and this time the old man delivers a whack on the pig's nose at the right moment, and, seizing the mushroom, hands it to me. Then he takes from his pocket an ear of corn, and picking off a few grains, gives them to the pig by way of soothing her injured feelings and encouraging her to go on with the hunt.

We move about in the dry, open wood, keeping always near the trees, and truffle after truffle is turned up from the reddish light soil. Her forgotten training soon comes back to the pig. At a mere twitch of the ear she retires at the right moment and waits for the corn, which is invariably given her in exchange for the truffle.

Before we leave the ground, indeed, she has got so well into the work that on finding a truffle she does not attempt to seize it, but points to it, and grunts for the equivalent in maize.

### French Penalty for Delayed Trains.

London Commerce says: "The French Minister of Public Works is coming down on the railways of the republic. Travelers there have suffered, as travelers here have suffered, from the neglect of the companies to keep time with their passenger trains. Having remonstrated with the offenders in vain, the minister has now made arrangements to receive a report from all the large centres of trains which are ten minutes late on a journey of under 31 miles, and 15 minutes late on a journey of greater extent. This much the minister is able to do by provision made as far back as 1845. But he proposes to go further. When the new parliament meets he intends to propose legislation imposing a fine of one franc per minute for each train which fails to keep within the above named limits; and so that the state shall not suffer from these fines being charged to working expenses, they are to be deducted from the sums made available by dividends. This is a hint to the president of the board of trade. There are many in London and other large towns who would welcome a corrective measure for the dilatory conduct of the passenger service. Whether the French method is the proper one or not may be open to doubt, however, because the companies may meet the difficulty by timing their trains to take a longer period in performing a given journey; for example, adding the ten or fifteen minutes to their present time."


"I know a little baby,
So happy, smiling, bright;
She looks just like an angel
Sent from the world of light."

It is perfectly safe to say that all such angelic-looking babies are fed regularly on Lactated Food. It is the only food that produces happy, smiling and bright-looking babies. If the babies who are now using Lactated Food could speak, what a burst of joyous praise would arise from the little ones! It is, however, pleasing to know that the dear mothers recognize the great benefits of Lactated Food. They speak for their little ones, and for the benefit of mothers whose babies are not happy and healthy.

No weak and emaciated babies are found where Lactated Food is used; no death-dealing complaints take hold of the infants when the great food is used as a regular article of diet. Mothers, fathers, brothers and sisters are all made joyous and happy when the baby is kept well and strong by Lactated Food. How is it in your home, dear mother? Are you enjoying the peace and comfort that other mothers experience? If you are not let us urge you to try Lactated Food for your baby.


### Humanity In Boston.

The editor of Our Dumb Animals says: If any stranger in Boston wishes to see one result of the humane education we have been giving through addresses to and circulation of Our Dumb Animals, Black Beauty, and other humane literature in our public schools let him notice the hundreds of cases occurring every day in which he will see our boys and young men patting the noses and necks of horses and saying kind words to them. Let him also stand on any street corner not especially occupied by the "docktail aristocracy" and see how many tight check reins he will find in comparison with the whole number, and on how many horses he will see no check reins or blinders.

*Mrs Anna Sutherland*

Kalamazoo, Mich., had swellings in the neck, or Goitre From her 10th year, causing 40 Years great suffering. When she caught cold could not walk two blocks without fainting. She took

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

And is now free from it all. She has urged many others to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and they have also been cured. It will do you good.

HOOD'S PILLS Cure all Liver Ills, jaundice, sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach, nausea.

# VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

The Ideal Food for Infants
—is—
**Milk Granules**
because it is practically identical in composition, taste and appearance with
**Mother's Milk.**
It digests thoroughly without causing an undue tax on the vital energies of the infant's stomach.

Ask for
**JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF**
The Great . .
Strength Giver.

If You Need a Tonic
TAKE
**STAMINAL**
It not only stimulates, but builds up and strengthens. You get a tonic and a food combined in the form of
Palatable Beef Tea.

Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of B.C.

# Exhibition

And Grand

## Celebration

## At New Westminster,

—ON—

Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday Friday, September, 26,27,28,29, 1893.

## $15,000 Prizes

This exhibition Celebration is, the Largest in the Dominion west of Toronto, and the Liberality of the Premium List and Prizes is unequalled in Western Canada.

First Annual Meet, Division No. 11
**Canadian Wheelmen's Association**
To decide Provincial Championship. The most important cycling event ever held in the Province.
**Acquatic Sports and Canoe Races**
Which will include Indian Races in War Canoes.
Entirely new feature of a
**Log Chopping Contest**
In which a large number of the best Axemen in the Province will take part. This competition is open to all comers, and handsome gold medals will be awarded the winners.
**Horse Races.**
**Championship Lacrosse Match**
Victoria vs. Westminster. Also Junior Lacrosse Tournament for Championship trophy.
**Rugby and Association Football Matches, Sailors' Sports, Field Sports, Rifle Matches, Grand Ball and Promenade Concerts.**

The Westminster City Band and other Bands will be present and dispense music throughout the Exhibition-Celebration.

EXCURSION RATES have been secured over all Railway and Steamboat Lines for visitors and for freight rates on exhibits.

A. B. MACKENZIE, General Secretary.
T. J. TRAPP, President R. A. & I. Society.
D. S. CURTIS, Mayor, Chairman Celebration Committee.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO. NELSON, B.C.
(Mention this paper.)


NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a timber cutting license of Valdes Island, to cut and carry away timber from the following described land commencing at a post in Deep Water Bay and running southeast 60 chains more or less; thence northeast 60 chains, thence northwest 60 chains; thence southwest 60 chains to place of commencement.

THOMAS PETCH
August 11th, 1893. 81-1m


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S-H-O-U-L-D
Own a Dictionary.
Care should be taken to GET THE BEST.
WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY
THE INTERNATIONAL, NEW FROM COVER TO COVER, IS THE ONE TO BUY.
SUCCESSOR OF THE UNABRIDGED. Ten years spent in revising, 100 editors employed, over $300,000 expended.
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—WILCOX'S COMPOUND—
TANSY PILLS
Perfectly Safe and Sure when all others Fail. If your Druggist don't keep them accept no Substitute but send 4c. postage for "WOMAN'S SAFE GUARD" and receive the only absolutely reliable remedy by mail. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Phila., Pa.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—or—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

# Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms. acre Blocks, $2 0; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
30 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.
90 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $200 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street Victoria.


### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbottsford.

Dated the 26th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-1f Solicitors for the Applicants.


SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.


### "Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29, 1893. jy31-3m


Notice of Removal.

ROBERT WARD & COMPANY,
LIMITED LIABILITY.
Have removed from Wharf Street to their new Offices, Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley Streets, Victoria, B.C.
Victoria, B.C., August 24th, 1893.—1m

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Aluminum Alloy Composite
HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO
Iron, Steel and Brass Founders
2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.
Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.
Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 500 pounds, or $50 per ton.
Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.
The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.
se20

### SOME QUAINT EPITAPHS.

The following in Penrith Churchyard is refreshing in these days of deceit on account of his candor:

"Here lies the man Richard and Mary his wife;
Their surname was Pritchard, and they lived without strife.
The reason was plain—they abounded in riches;
They had no care nor pain, and the wife wore the breeches."

The owner of this inscription, now resting in Hebburn Churchyard, was probably a democrat and had some little opinion of himself:

"This humble monument will show
Here lies an honest man;
You kings, whose heads are now as low,
Rise higher if you can."

John Dane was a courageous man. This is the epitaph over his remains in Bakewell Churchyard, Derbyshire:

"Know posterity that on the 8th of April, in the year of grace 1737, the rambling remains of John Dale were, in the 86th year of his pilgrimage, laid upon his two wives.
This thing in life might raise some jealousy;
Here all three lie together lovingly."

One epitaph in Ilfracombe Churchyard shows faith:

"Weep not for me, my friends so dear,
I am not dead, but sleeping here;
My debt is paid, my grave is free,
And in due course you'll come to me."

Not far from this we have an example of quiet self-glorification:

"Here lies a kind and loving wife,
A tender nursing mother—
A neighbor free from brawl and strife,
A pattern for all others."

Evidently marriage was not a failure in this case.

What follows was formerly on a tombstone in St. Thomas' Churchyard, Salisbury:

"Here lies three babes dead as nits,
God took them off in agie fits;
They was too good to live wi' we,
So he took them off to live wi' 'ee."

Who dares to utter the foul slander that it requires a surgical operation to get a joke into the head of a Scotchman? Let him or her cast an eye over the following and then sit silent forever. It is on a gravestone in Stonehaven Churchyard:

"The place whaur Betty Cooper lies
Is here or here aboot;
The place whaur Betty Cooper lies
There's neen can fin' it oot;
The place whaur Betty Cooper lies
There's neen on earth can tell,
Till at the resurrection day,
When Betty tells hersel'."
—London Funeral Directors' Journal.

### Alberni Gold Field.

The following letter, signed "Nanaimoite," appears in the Nanaimo Free Press:

"Mr. Carmichael's late report on the China creek gold mines proves the correctness of Expert Phillips' report on this part of the island (see Phillips' work on the Northwest Coast of America), issued after his visit in the early part of the seventies—the opinion has long been held that heavy deposits of auriferous quartz and placers existed in this direction. Mineral claims were staked off by Nanaimo people, among whom was the late T. E. Peck, and others well known here in the early days. The distance of Mount Saunders is about in a bee line 15 miles west by north from the head of the Nanaimo lake, which latter is 12 miles southwest by west from Nanaimo, making the whole distance about 26 to 28 miles from Nanaimo via the lakes. The trend of the lode north northeast by south southwest will bring the lode by continuance a trifle west of Mount Cosmos through the lake district, and near the lakes, if the lakes are correctly located on our maps. This will show that a continuance of the present lake trail for ten miles along the side hills would bring the veins within a short distance comparatively of Nanaimo. This mineral belt reaches down for miles towards the lake region from Mount Spencer.

The route is favorable for a good wagon road branching from the Douglas district road westerly. The only difficulty has been in passing the northern side of Nanaimo lake. The mineral belt stretches from the east coast through the Cameron district, passing Mounts Douglas and Spencer to the Nitinat and Gordon rivers. On the latter creek quite a lot of Chinamen are at work washing gravel. The assay, so far, from China creek quartz has been very good, ranging from a few dollars to thousands of dollars per ton. This range is believed by many old Californians to be a continuity of the auriferous belts of that state. A careful study of the belt will strongly sustain these views, coupled with the presence of tellurides in both localities. The belt of land lying between Mount Spencer and Mount Cosmos, head of Nanaimo lake, deserves the careful attention of practical prospectors. If the provincial residents don't look to it an influx of foreigners will. The veins and cross veins have already shown proof of fairly good returns to remarkably rich deposits. The introduction of machinery for the extraction of the gold will soon be a reality and the hum of industry awake the echoes of the hills and vales. Mines are not made in a day nor by results gained without labor. However there is little doubt that, though they may not make the big returns of a Port Angeles, Durham or Port Simpson town booms, they will continue productive far longer."

### Who Makes All the Money?

Just before the beginning of the present century the population of Great Britain was about ten millions, and the national income about one hundred and forty millions. To meet and retain that rate of production required the exertion of an immense amount of ability, and the use of an immense capital which ability had already created. We plainly understate the case if we say that British labor by itself—that is to say, apart from, and unassisted by, the industrial ability of the past 90 years—can at the utmost, produce annually one hundred and forty million pounds for every ten millions of the population. And now let us turn from what the laborer produces to what the laboring classes (all having an income of less than one hundred and fifty pounds a year) received. At the time we have been speaking of they received but about half of what we assumed their labor to have produced. A population of ten million people received about seventy million pounds. Two generations later the same number of people received in return for their labor about one hundred and sixty million pounds. They were 25 per cent. richer than they possibly could have been if in 1795 they had seized on all the property in the kingdom, and divided it among themselves. Or, in other words, labor in 1886, instead of receiving half of what we assumed it to have produced, received 25 per cent. more than it produced. If we turn from the year 1866 to the present time we find that the reward of labor has continued to increase, and that each ten millions receives in return for its labor £200,000,000; or, in other words, labor now receives about 50 per cent. more than it produces. These calculations are based, the reader must remember, on the ridiculously exaggerated assumption, made for the sake of argument, that in the days of Watt and Arkwright, capital, genius, and ability had no share in production, and that all the wealth of the country until the beginning of the present century was due to the spontaneous efforts of the laboring class alone.

Fifty years ago the gross income of the nation was £515,000,000. Of this, £235,000,000 went to the laboring class and £280,000,000 to those who paid income tax. Since then the laboring class has increased in number from 26,000,000 to 33,000,000 and their income has increased to £660,000,000, so that after making due allowance for their increase of numbers, they receive now £7,000,000 a year more than the national income 50 years ago.

Dreams of some possible social revolution, dreams of some division of property by which much of the riches of the rich should be abstracted from them and divided amongst the poor—these were not wanting 50 years ago. But even the most sanguine of the dreamers hardly ventured to hope that the wealth of the wealthy classes could be completely taken away from them—that a sum equal to the rent of the whole landed aristocracy, all the interest on capital, all the profits of our commerce and our manufactures, could be added to what was then the income of the laboring classes. Within 50 years this miracle has taken place, and not this miracle only, but another miracle added to it. The same number of laborers and their families as then formed the whole laboring population of the country, now secure amongst them every penny of the amount that then formed the income of the entire nation. They have gained all that they possibly could have gained, if every rich man of that period, if duke and cotton lord and railway king, followed by all the hosts of minor plutocrats, had been forced to cast all they had into the treasury of labor, and give their very last farthing to swell the laborer's wages. The laborers have gained this, and, as before said, £7,000,000 more and without revolution. Apart from this, the number of people who pay income tax has risen from 1,500,000 in 1843 to 5,000,000 in 1893, showing a vast accession from the ranks of the laboring classes.

In fact, as Mr. Giffen told us ten years ago; 'It would not be far short of the mark to say that the whole of the greatest improvement of the last 50 years has gone to the masses.'—W. H. Mallock in National Review.

### Smalley's Battery.

You will find in the Daily Chronicle of August 15 an article which may serve as a keynote to the coming campaign against the house of lords. This paper is an important Gladstonian organ—much the ablest Gladstonian organ in London—with a strong dash of something more than Radicalism; it is even more Socialistic than Radical. . . . . The upper chamber consists in his view simply of 500 landlords; "individually as negligeable as any other too proud, idle, luxurious, and in the main stupid and frivolous men who can be gathered from any society in the civilized world." They are going to commit the unspeakable sin of using their constitutional right to reject a home rule bill which the house of commons, by help of gag and guillotine, will ere long have passed.

They have done wicked things before now. "They rejected the compensation for disturbance bill; they mutilated the act of 1881; on their guilty heads lies the blood that has been spilt, the misery that has been endured in Ireland for the last twelve years." The rest of England is fairly respectable, has a thousand interests, comprises mechanics, farmers, laborers, sailors, shopkeepers, "the whole busy fabric of modern civilization." Only the lords are utterly vile. The house of lords stands for but two interests, "rent and snobbery." Some of "these 500 persons" have "abhorrent memories" behind them. There are Castlereaghs and Clanricardes, and there are faithless Whigs like the Duke of Devonshire, "lifelong enemies of the people like Lord Salisbury," and there are "mere low evil livers and race course notorieties." Such is the motley throng which "possesses the supreme constitutional balance in our England." No terms are to be kept with those "lords and lackeys, vulgar, out-of-date appanages of an impossible social system. They have simply got to go."

This will give you some notion of the nature of the attack presently to be expected on the house of lords. It is to be something more than an attack on a political system; on a venerable constitutional body. It is to be an attack on the men who compose the upper chamber as well as on the chamber itself. The individual members of it are to be held up to hatred and perhaps to vengeance. English nobles are perhaps to share the fate of the French nobles at the end of the last century—they may be robbed and murdered.

### HERE AND THERE.

In China before a letter is mailed or delivered to the carrier its contents are displayed, and the keeper of the letter shop then signs his "chop," or sign, so that its point of origin may be determined. Parcels may be transmitted in the same manner, the charges for carrying being a percentage of their declared value. The shopkeeper gives a receipt for the letter or package, and he thus becomes responsible for its safe delivery or its return to the sender with seal unbroken.

* * *

The cost of an ivory billiard ball is curiously estimated by a Cairo author as follows: In the judgment of honest African travellers, the tusks of dazzling whiteness are answerable for the following: One hundred and sixty deaths that must be counted as murder or manslaughter; 30 deaths, incurred during the journey from the interior to the coast; 10 "deaths by law," and 10 accidents during the elephant hunt. "Add to this 15 thefts, any amount of cheating, drunkness and acts of brutality and cruelty." A medium-sized, faultless tusk yields two or occasionally three billiard balls; and every ball means, it is stated, at least one murder or one great crime.

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### France's Political System.

Universal suffrage is the basis of the political and electoral law of France. All Frenchmen are electors who have reached the age of 21, who have resided in the commune for at least six months and who have not been deprived of the right to vote by condemnation for a common law offence. However, as a matter of fact, the great majority of Frenchmen do not go to the polls before the age of 24, owing to the three years' military service, they not being allowed to vote while "under the flag." The registration lists are drawn up in each commune yearly, and are at the disposal of the interested parties for any desired rectification until March 31. From the administrative and electoral point of view France contains 86 departments and the territory of Belfort, these being divided into 362 arrondissements, which are sub-divided into 2,898 cantons, which in their turn are broken up into 36,121 communes.

The commune is an aggregation of population represented collectively by a municipality. The population of a commune varies considerably.

In one of them there are only twenty-two inhabitants. Paris, which forms only one commune, has over two million inhabitants, but the capital has a special regime in so far as its municipal council and council general are concerned. When a commune has an exceptionally large area of population it is divided into electoral sections.

There are three forms of the political government—the constituent, the legislative and the executive. The legislative power is more particularly in the hands of the two chambers, which represent the sovereignty of the people—the chamber of deputies and the senate. The chamber is composed of deputies elected by direct vote by arrondissement, in the proportion of one deputy for every 100,000 inhabitants. Such arrondissements as have a population above this figure elect an additional deputy for every 100,000 or fraction of 100,000 inhabitants, in which case they are divided into circonscriptions defined by law. In addition the territory of Belfort elects a deputy. There are two deputies for each of the three departments of Algeria and two for each of the colonies of Martinique, Guadeloupe and Reunion. The colonies of French India, French Guiana, Senegal and Cochin China each return one deputy. What is termed la periode electorale is open for at least twenty days between the promulgation of the decree of the president of the republic convoking the electors and the date of the election.

The ballot is secret. It lasts for one day only, and takes place on a Sunday in every commune or in every section of a commune. After the closing of the ballot the counting is done by representatives of the electors, and the result is transmitted to the prefect by the sub-prefect.

To be elected it is necessary to obtain at least a quarter of the votes on the register, and half, plus one, of the whole number of votes given. This is what is called an absolute majority. In the contrary event a second ballot is taken a fortnight after the first one. In this case it suffices to have purely and simply a "relative majority"—that is to say, more votes than one's opponent. The general verification of the voting papers is made at the headquarters of the department in public meeting by a committee of three conseillors generaux, who proclaim the result. But the chamber alone has the right to pronounce upon the elegibility of its members and on their election.

Every French elector is eligible after he has attained the age of 25 years to the function of municipal councillor, council d'arrondissement or conseiller general on condition of his having his residence in the commune, canton or arrondissement in which he presents himself and of his paying one of the four taxes. The only condition required of an elector to be eligible as deputy or senator is that he should be 25 years old for the chamber and 40 years old for the senate. The only cases of ineligibility provided against by the law are temporary, and apply generally to such functionaries as prefects, sub-prefects, magistrates, judges and so on, who are ineligible in the electoral districts placed under their administrative or judicial authority. There are also certain functions which are incompatible with the duties of deputy, and the plurality of certain of these offices, though gratuitous, is prohibited by the law.

The executive power is confided to a president of the republic, elected for seven years by the chamber and the senate united in congress at Versailles, and to ministers appointed by him, whom he can revoke, and who alone are responsible to parliament. Constitutional power also belongs to the congress or national assembly, formed by the union of the two chambers and sitting at Versailles. Revision may be demanded by the executive power or by one of the two chambers; but for the meeting of the national assembly to become obligatory it is necessary that the two chambers, sitting separately at Paris, declare by identical resolutions the necessity of revising the constitutional laws, and fix the points on which this revision should be brought to bear. This has been done twice—once in 1879 to decide upon the return to Paris of public authority, which till then sat at Versailles, and in 1884, to decide upon the suppression of life senators and to make certain modifications in the composition of the electoral college of the senate.

### How Old is Our World?

There are four ways of estimating geological time according to W. J. McGee of the United States Geological Survey. Two of these—one based on sedimentation and the other on erosion—are geological; the third is physical, depending on the earth's temperature and supposed rate of cooling; and the fourth is astronomical, resting on inferences as to the cooling of the sun and other cosmic changes and conditions. Usually it is assumed that the rate of degradation of the land is a foot in 3000 to 7000 years, and that in the long run the rate of sedimentation on the sea bottoms of the globe is the same. The unit rate commonly accepted is that determined by Humphreys and Abbott from measurements of the matter transported by the Mississippi river, or one foot in 6000 years. The aggregate thickness of sediments was formerly placed at a few miles only, but researches in the Algonkian rocks of Lake Superior and other regions indicate that the thickness cannot be less than 50 miles, representing a period of 1,500,000,000 years for the deposition of the stratified rocks. This process of deposition may have been somewhat more rapid at an earlier time, but it constitutes only the closing episode in the history of the earth, and ages must have been required for the antecedent cooling and encrusting of the planet. Until recently the erosion estimate has been seldom applied alone, and is now of little value except for studying the later stages of development from the wearing of the Niagara or other river gorges. Combining the erosion and sedimentation methods, it is found that the maximum time that can be allowed for the latest geological period—the post-glacial— is 28,000 years; the minimum, 1175, and the mean 7000; and the maximum allowed for the age of the earth is 5, 000,000,000,000 years, the minimum 10,000,000, and the mean 6,000,000,000. The maximum estimate is quite as probable as the minimum, while the mean is more probable than either. These geological estimates are based on known but variable factors, and in this respect are more satisfactory than the non-geological estimates.

### A Millionnaire Organ-Grinder.

David H. Lichtenstein, of the firm of Lichtenstein Bros., dry goods merchants, 273 to 285 Grand street, is a millionaire. He has been stopping for the summer in Wave Crest, L.I., where he owns a fine cottage. At Wave Crest other wealthy men, most of them members of the Progress Club, of which Mr. Lichenstein is vice-president, have cottages. With plenty of money, commodious and lavishly furnished houses and nothing to do through the summer but to enjoy life, the summer colony at Wave Crest had an easy time of it.

One day, shortly before leaving for the summer, Mr. Lichtenstein happened to see an Italian organ-grinder. It set him soliloquizing over his own happy lot and over the miserable one of the poor Italian. An idea occurred to Mr. Lichtenstein. He would borrow the hand organ, disguise himself, and try to imagine himself an organ grinder for half an hour. He hunted up the Italian and paid him $10 for the loan of his organ. Then he went to his room and donned a suit of old clothes and a dilapidated hat. He smiled to himself as he removed the diamond from his shirt front and the brilliant rings from his fingers.

He sallied forth with his organ and began playing in front of the residences of his friends, one after another. At the first place he went through the whole repertoire, but without receiving any contribution. Then he started "After the Ball" and played it three times in succession, which brought out the servant girl in a hurry. She threw a penny in the box and begged him to go away.

Mr. Lichtenstein stepped in front of the next house, but they had heard all they wanted and gave him a cent before he could grind out the first selection. At the next stop he played until he thought his arm would fall off, but got nothing.

He skipped a whole block and had just got ready to turn the crank at another corner when a party of four ladies came along, with each of whom Mr. Lichtenstein was intimately acquainted. His heart sunk into his silk stockings and he was fearful of being recognized. It was too late to run, so he put on a bold front, and after rendering 'Marguerite" he held his hat out so prominently as to almost obstruct their progress.

"Gracious, how persistent!" exclaimed one of the ladies. "Poor fellow, I suppose he's hungry," and she dropped five cents in the tin cup.

Mr. Lichtenstein was about to congratulate himself upon his escape when, to his horror, a fat dog which belonged to the party, and which he had fed with many a lump of sugar, rushed up to him and wagged his tail in joyful recognition, showing that dogs are wiser than mankind, in that they do not judge people by the clothing they wear. Mr. Lichtenstein scowled and the dog looked surprised and ran away.

Mr. Lichtenstein played in front of four other houses without getting a cent and was twice insulted.

Mr. Lichtenstein was now getting bolder. He planted himself in front of his own house. Seated in front of the cottage were two ladies of the house and several little children. The children were delighted to see him and enjoyed his selections more than the old folks did. When he played "On the Bowery" one of the little girls clapped her hands with delight, and running into the house cried, "Uncle Dave! Uncle Dave! the man's playing 'On the Bowery.'"

This is one of Mr. Lichtenstein's favorite airs, and the child was disappointed at not finding him in the house.

That was glory enough and Mr. Lichtenstein shouldered his organ and stole away to a photograph gallery, where he had his picture taken. He said nothing of his venture to any one just then, but he invited a party of friends to dinner with him that evening, and at the table he let the cat out of the bag. At first they refused to believe him, but he produced his photograph, and with the corroboration of the strange behavior of the dog, which the women had noticed, the case was complete.—New York World.

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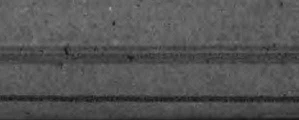


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FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply —E., this office. jes-tf

British Columbia Milling & Mining Co'y.
(LIMITED.)
ASSESSMENT No. 24.
Notice is hereby given that an assessment of one cent per share has this day been levied upon the members of the above named Company, payable at the Company's office, No. 48 Langley street, Victoria, B.C., on or before the seventh day of October, 1893, from and after which date all shares on which said call shall then remain unpaid shall be deemed delinquent, to be dealt with according to law.
By order of the Board of Directors.
GEORGE A. SARGISON,
Secretary.
Victoria, September 4, 1893. s9-15t

TO CAPITALISTS.
Silks and Teas.
FOR SALE—The undersigned will dispose of a business connection with China and Japan for $5000 cash.
C. F. MOORE,
Corner Clarke and Taunton Streets, Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C. s21-1m

New Westminster Show
CHEAP FARES.
$3 SPECIAL ROUND TRIP TICKETS, INCLUDING ADMISSION TO FAIR GROUNDS $3
Good for Sunday night, Sept. 24, to Saturday, Sept. 30, by Vancouver or direct boat.
STR. YOSEMITE
Will leave Victoria on Wednesday and Friday mornings, Sept. 27 and 29, at 7 o'clock, for New Westminster direct, returning on Thursday and Saturday at 7 a.m.
$1.50 Fare for Round Trip, including admission to fair grounds $1.50
A grand programme of sports for each day.
JOHN IRVING,
s20 Manager.

NOTICE.
The North and South Saanich Agricultural Society's Annual Exhibition has been postponed until the 19th and 20th of October, in order to secure a better display of exhibits.
Horse Racing on the second day of the Show. Refreshments will be provided. A Ball will be held on the evening of the 20th. W. R. ARMSTRONG,
sept21-d3 Secretary.



THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.
SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
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WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager


# The Daily Times.

## RAILWAYS IN THE PROVINCE.

In his speech at the Chilliwack banquet Premier Davie said many things, but none seem to call for any attention except his announcement of the government's intentions with regard to railway matters. On this topic he is reported as follows:

In that matter I am pleased to say that, irrespective of any party whatever in the legislature, there has been a unanimous desire on the part of all sides in every way of political opinion to assist railways. As you are aware, the government already, under authority of the legislature, assisted with a guarantee of interest and procured the construction of the Shuswap & Okanagan railway, thereby opening up large and valuable extents of country. This was done in a way which is believed will not be burdensome to the province, and already a large farming industry has sprung up there. There can be no doubt that for the development of its mines and the farming country the district of Cariboo must also be entered by railways. In this connection a movement has been on foot recently for the building of a narrow gauge road, which can be constructed at a much smaller price than a broad gauge road. The government is expecting before long to be in receipt of a proposal from a company with which the C. P. R. is in thorough accord for the purpose of running lines into Cariboo from the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway. Some 290 miles of the Galt narrow gauge road in Alberta has to be taken out and replaced by the standard gauge, and the owners of that road are anxious to find use for the present rolling stock. When I was last in the east some of the parties who are interested in the road were anxious to know whether they could engage in any enterprise for a narrow gauge road in British Columbia. I broached the matter to Mr. Van Horne, who expressed the opinion that a narrow gauge road to Cariboo would meet the present requirements of trade. By an act of last session the government was authorized to aid the Nakusp & Slocan railway, or as to open up the Kootenay mines. This was a matter of considerable urgency, for the trade of that region might have been diverted on to the other side, and the government has given such aid as to enable the road to be built, the Canadian Pacific railway company having also intimated their intention to build their own road from Revelstoke toward Nakusp. The government will probably at next session recommend to the house a change in the manner and extent of assisting this road, and have guarded the assistance which they have given accordingly. The assistance to this road was authorized by an act which likewise gives power to assist railway construction between Chilliwack and New Westminster. With this road the government will also be prepared to deal under the changed plan. I have no doubt whatever that when the time comes the matter will be put in such a shape before the legislature, and by the amendment of the act which now exists, that such aid will be given to the road between Chilliwack and New Westminster as will secure the construction and completion of that road. We expect also to deal with the Spence's Bridge & Nicola Valley road in the same way and to have it in operation at an early date.

The premier's remarks with reference to Cariboo possess a good deal of interest not only for the district, but for the province at large. Of course every person will be glad to learn that Cariboo is to have railway connection with the outside world, because such communication will enable Cariboo to approach its old-time record in the matter of producing wealth. It seems that Superintendent Abbott is on his way to the district now to look into the traffic prospects and the chances for railway building there. It is to be supposed that on his report will be based the proposal which the government expects to receive from the company. Until this proposal is made known nothing can be said on the question, save that there will be general satisfaction at the opening up of Cariboo at any reasonable cost. As the premier did not take the Chilliwack audience into his confidence in regard to details, the public will have to wait for the meeting of the legislature to learn just what is meant by the changes he spoke of.

"The Liberal party," says the Montreal Star, "have few stronger cards to play than Mr. Laurier's personality. When he went up to Toronto some years ago, at the full flowtide of the Equal Rights agitation, it was felt to be an exceedingly daring and risky exposure to the storm on the part of a Quebec Federal politician who had voted against the disallowance of the Jesuit Estates Act, but, whatever may have been thought of it as a piece of political tactics, the result threw upon the person power of the man a white light that constituted his real introduction into Ontario. No doubt the Opposition managers are fully aware of the weapon they possess, and have undertaken the Laurier tour through Ontario as the best means of meeting the narrow and ill-advised sowing of sectionalism indulged in by the Hamilton Spectator and its moleeyed retinue. The day is already bright over this country in which no party nor section of party can make headway by pandering to unpatriotic and disloyal prejudice."

The Pacific Canadian, a weekly newspaper started at New Westminster two weeks ago, is intended to fill "a long-felt want." It will support the Davie government. The first two issues promise well, and the editor is to be commended for the moderation he displays. The need of an "organ" in the Royal City was painfully apparent to the Premier and it is very likely the News-Advertiser spoke by the book when it said that Mr. Davie's well known love for newspapers had something to do with the birth of the last baby. If the Premier will continue to start newspapers, or to buy up established papers, and don't come to grief financially, we shall be compelled to change our opinion as to the expensiveness of the luxury. However, whether Mr. Davie has a finger in the Canadian or not we wish it well.

In his letter resigning his membership of the Toronto St. George's Society Goldwin Smith said: "I am shortly leaving for England, and before my departure think it best formally to retire from my life membership of St. George's Society. In March last political enemies, who had long been assailing my character in other ways took advantage, during my absence from the country to attempt to inflict upon me the social brand of expulsion. This I felt bound, in the interests of the society at large and charitable institutions as well as that of my own character, to resist. Had I been approached differently there would have been no difficulty in obtaining my resignation. As the attack has not been renewed I shall be able to no misconstruction in giving effect to my original inclination."

The people of Cowichan naturally took note of the absence of their provincial representatives, Messrs. Davie and Croft, from the district agricultural fair on Saturday. Things were not wont to be thus in former times, and many good people of Cowichan have come to the conclusion that their suffrages will not be sought on behalf of Messrs. Davie and Croft any more. They may be wrong in this, but their surmise is at least justified to some extent as regards the premier by the fact that he was last week "cultivating" Chilliwack. It may be that Mr. Davie intends to desert Cowichan and run against Mr. Kitchen. Who knows?

## "CHIPS" ANSWERED.

To the Editor: A writer in Saturday's Times, signing himself "Chips," is asking a few questions of several of the aldermen. In the first place, I think it would be manlier if the writer had signed his name, because if a man writes what he thinks is right he need not be ashamed of his name. He wants to know from Ald. Bragg what are the duties of an inspector? Is he there to look after the men or the contractor? If my opinion is any good to "Chips" I will give it. An inspector's duties, as I understand them, are to see that the specifications and conditions governing the work are carried out, so that he has to look after the men and the contractor both. Now, I think on principle, "Chips" must admit that the construction of sewers is far different than building construction. While I believe there are many carpenters in the city who cannot be beaten on building construction in all its branches, as far as inspecting the work goes, I hold for the construction of sewers, where there is no carpentering and where brick and cement play an important part, a man strictly in line with that work is the best man. Speaking for myself, I wish to say that whatever the majority of the council decides on, you will see me fall in line. But for one or two members of the council to make these appointments and then when there is any trouble to cry out the dignity of the council is at stake, when the council as a body had nothing to say in the matter, I say is not right. When the sewerage committee brings this matter before the council in a proper manner, as it is their duty to do and get their appointments ratified by a majority of the council, then the council can stand on their dignity and not before. ED. BRAGG.

## THE BRICKLAYERS.

To the Editor: Would you allow me to correct through your paper a statement made by Ald. Belyea which appears in Saturday's Colonist. He says the bricklayers object to any but a member of their union being about the work. I think any one reading the letter from our union to the council, published on Saturday, will fail to see anything to bear out the alderman in his remarks. This union, or rather members of this union, are now working under an inspector over on the James Bay sewer who is not a member of our union, but the aldermen never heard any complaint, and we claim that Ald. Belyea knew he was saying that which was not true when he made the above statement. Ald. McKillican, in his statements published in the same paper, says this thing has gone too far. The alderman himself, I believe, has gone too far. It is to the interest of any workman to do his work well, to have an inspector to stand between contractor and workman to see that the work is done well, and this is what we wish. The alderman says they said they were hard up. The remedy is surely not in getting a slippery job done and getting through as quickly as public. Hoping you will give space to put us in a truthful stand before the ratepayers, JOHN KAY.
Victoria, Sept. 25.

# COOK'S CHECKERED CAREER

## Police Thought They Had Found Articles Recently Stolen.

## BUT MR. COOK PRODUCED INVOICES

**Cook Charged in the Provincial Court With Having Stolen Goods in His Possession—He Has Been Endeavoring to Christianize the Indians.**

George J. Cook was arrested this morning by Constable McDonald and charged with having in his possession a pair of spy glasses, which were stolen from W. Huxtable, an oiler on the steamer Islander, when she was at Port Simpson on her last trip. Cook claims that he purchased them from a man whom he can point out to the police. It was just by accident that the glasses were found. Cook had been noticed wandering around the streets rather late at night and the police had a suspicion that he might have been taking a hand in the recent burglaries. Sergeant Walker accompanied by Constable Walker yesterday visited Cook's room at the Colonial Metropole and as soon as they entered they came to the conclusion that although they might not have the burglar, they at least had the goods that had been stolen. In a box were found new goods of all descriptions. There were coats, boots, umbrellas and many other articles that answered the description of those that were missing. Constable Walker remained in the room and the sergeant went out to look for Cook. Cook returning to his room found the constable there and threatened him with all kinds of punishments for having entered his apartment. He claimed to be a provincial police detective and said he had a perfect right to be out at nights. The goods he claimed had been purchased and to prove this he showed the officer bills for the goods from different wholesale merchants. These merchants were visited and they stated that Cook had purchased goods from them. The queer part of it is that many of these goods answered the description of those stolen. There were umbrellas in the room that were an exact counterpart of those taken from the Westside and an oilskin coat similar to the one taken from W. Carmichael's.

Cook, since he left Victoria some months ago, has been living in the villages on the Skeena. He has been endeavoring to Christianize the savages of the far north, and it is said his prospects of becoming a full-fledged missionary were very bright. Judging from what was found in his pocket, the average man would say that Cook would not be a very successful missionary. The collection of articles which he carried in his pockets was considerably larger than the ordinary missionary or in fact any man usually carries. There were half a dozen or more penknives, two or three pocket books, gloves and other small things. The penknives especially were of the kind that would not encourage the Indians to think of things heavenly. They had small picture glasses in the handles. In fact they were very obscene. He claims that he can prove that he came by everything found in his possession in a lawful manner.

Since his arrival in British Columbia Cook's life has been a checkered one. In England he belonged to what is known as a Christian police force. Upon his arrival here he started as a contractor and then he branched out into business, having at one time two stores in operation. He announced himself as a candidate for alderman but for some reason was not elected. Shortly afterwards he failed and left Victoria.

## FIRST CLASS CLAY.

**Practical Men Wanted to Make Bricks—A Young Thief.**

Nanaimo, Sept. 25.—The present owners of the brick making works on Comox road are endeavoring to form a joint stock company to take over the works. Mayor Haslam, A. R. Johnston and Ald. T. Dobeson are the principal promoters and with them at the head of the company it should prove a paying investment. The clay in use is of a superior quality, and all that is required are practical men to manufacture the article.

The steamship Montserrat unloaded a large quantity of sulphur for the Hamilton Powder works on Saturday. Capt. Blackburn will keep a sharp lookout this trip to see that no opium is shipped on his vessel. On the trip up the steamer made remarkably quick time, beating all previous records.

A Chinaman got badly broken up on the new V. C. Co. railroad on Saturday, caused by some timber rolling off a car by a guard becoming broken. He will recover.

The little crippled boy Garland was a great deal happier on Saturday, when his carriage was restored to him. Another small boy had taken a fancy to it and practiced remarkable strategy in retaining possession of it for so long. The latter's parents discovered the stolen property and promptly returned it.

The body of the late John Foster was conveyed to its last resting place yesterday. The remains were followed by a large number of the deceased's friends.

## AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

**Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.**

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 25.—All the mills are running to-day except the American Linen and the Fall River. The American will start on Monday.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Regarding the probable length of the debate in the senate upon the silver repeal bill, a statement made by Senator Hansborough is interesting. He left the city after delivering a speech against the repeal bill, and before going he said: "I start to-night for a trip out west, which will keep me away from the capital three weeks, but I have no doubt I shall return some time before the senate gets to a vote on the question."

New York, Sept. 25.—The week opens with a lower market for stocks. Northern Pacific preferred are especially weak, falling 1 to 2 1-4. Declines otherwise ranged 1-4 to 1-2 per cent. Business light.

Kansas City, Sept. 25.—It is reported that a serious conflagration is in progress in the business portion of St. Joseph, Mo., which threatens to destroy over a million dollars' worth of property. Two whole blocks are said to be ablaze.

New York, Sept. 25.—Three French training ships, Naiade, Neuilly and Rigault de Genouville, arrived here from Boston to-day and exchanged salutes with the forts.

New York, Sept. 25.—Herman Reichart is wanted in Portland, Ore., for embezzling. He has been remanded to await requisition papers.

New York, Sept. 25.—The Augusta-Victoria left Southampton for New York yesterday and is due next Sunday. The vessel was found to be in perfect sanitary condition.

Washington, Sept. 25.—The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints and treasury offices from the mints and treasury offices for the week ending Sept. 23, 1893, was $469,545; for the corresponding period in 1892, $741,689. The shipment of fractional silver coins from the 1st to the 23rd inst. aggregated $553,162.

New York, Sept. 25.—Arrived—La Bourgogne, Havre; Bovic, Liverpool.

Sighted—America, New York for London, off Prawle Point; Arizona, New York for Liverpool, off Browhead; Veendam, Rotterdam for New York, passed Isle of Wight.

Sailed for foreign ports—Umbria, Queenstown for New York; Saale, Southampton for New York; Augusta, Southampton for New York.

Pittsburg, Sept. 25.—In the town of Calamity Mrs. Augusta Reece was instantly killed and her husband probably fatally wounded during a drunken quarrel yesterday. Two men, Marson and Bruce, were arrested, charged with the crime.

## THE VICTORIA ARRIVES.

**The Don Juan Burned—One Hundred Lives Lost.**

The steamship Victoria, Capt. Panton, 14 days from Yokohama with 2,500 tons of freight, four cabin and a number of steerage passengers, arrived in port last evening. The trip across was uneventful. Very little rough weather, but a good deal of fog was met during the trip out. The Victoria discharged 500 tons of freight here, part of which was for San Francisco, which will be shipped on the City of Puebla to-morrow. The Victoria left for Tacoma at 6.30 this morning.

W. Harrison and A. R. Heath, two English gentlemen who returned from the Orient on the Victoria, will spend a few days in the city, and are at the Hotel Dallas. A Times representative met Mr. Harrison at the hotel this afternoon, and from him learned the particulars of a terrible disaster at sea about the middle of August. The Spanish steamer Don Juan, bound from Hong Kong to Manila, took fire and was completely destroyed. One hundred persons, mostly Chinese, were burned to death or drowned. The Don Juan was a staunch vessel, 700 tons burden. Very few who were aboard at the time escaped. It was rumored here after the departure of the Victoria that the Russian steamer Alfonso Zevecke had also been burned. Mr. Harrison had heard nothing of it. The Empress will probably have some news of it to-morrow. Mr. Harrison says the decline of silver has caused great depression in the Oriental countries.

## LAY DOWN TROWELS.

**Fourteen Bricklayers on Civic and School Buildings Strike This Morning.**

The bricklayers on the Spring Ridge sewer and the north and south ward schools "walked out" this morning. The demand by the union upon the city council and the school board to displace the present overseers was not complied with, and this morning was the limit of time allowed for compliance. Three were fourteen men who laid down their trowels and they say they will not take them up again until justice is done.

Acting-President Malcolm, of the local branch of the union, said to a Times man "what we claim are our just rights. All we ask is that a practical man be appointed to superintend the brickwork. What is the use of appointing a carpenter who does not know anything about the work that he is supposed to look after? It is a mistake to think that we want a union man. Of course we would prefer a union man but only claim a practical man. His qualifications can easily be determined. A man in good standing in his calling is known to all his fellow workmen."

There was a rumor around town that a number of non-union men from Vancouver would be brought over to fill the places of the striking bricklayers. The rumor is not given much credence by members of the union in Victoria. It is understood that the strike will be the subject of discussion in the council to-night.


Mantles, Waterproofs.
Sept us this week. We have the new styles. Some mantles you will observe hang, but these fit. Special values we offer in the above lines. Lansdowne House, 85 Yates street. John Partridge, proprietor.

—Call on Dr. Findley and have your teeth examined. He makes a specialty of fine gold fillings, crown and bridge work. Prices to suit the times. Office.


The tug Lorne went to Departure Bay yesterday to tow the bark Enoch Talbot to Comox.


Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY

## Did You Say "Brushes?"

We Have Them!

HAIR BRUSHES — NAIL BRUSHES
TOOTH BRUSHES — SHAVING BRUSHES
CLOTH BRUSHES — FLESH BRUSHES

See Our Window.

**COCHRANE & MUNN,**
Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts


**Millinery.**

See Partridge's window this season for stylish millinery. The Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, carry the broom. Our prices are what we call hard time prices, down to bedrock.

**Crowned With Success.**

By improving the kitchen and dining room service of the Vienna Cafe, Wilson block, Yates street, the experienced manager, in spite of dull times, has succeeded in more than doubling his business since he took charge three months ago. Lunch is served from 12 to 2 at 35 cents; with beer, 50 cents. Dinner from 5.30 to 8 p.m. at 50 cents; with wine, 75 cents. Board by the week (three meals a day), $5. Meals a la carte at all hours up to 8 p.m.

**Lost Her Propeller.**

The steamship Crown of England, the first of the line of Oriental steamers to be run in connection with the Great Northern railway, will not be here until Oct. 8th. She was due here last week, but lost her propeller shortly after leaving Yokohama and had to put back again for repairs. She left again on the 21st inst. F. C. Davidge, general agent for the company, received a cablegram on Saturday conveying news of the accident.

**St. Paul's Ladies' Aid.**

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, have always been successful in making their annual sales of work occasions of pleasure and interest, as well as profit to their visitors and patrons. Their third annual sale to-morrow afternoon and evening in the public hall, Craigflower road, it is safe to predict, will not be an exception to the rule. Supper will be served from 5 to 8 and ice cream and other light refreshments during the evening.

**The Cowichan Fair.**

A large number of Victorians attended the annual exhibition of the Cowichan and Salt Spring Island Agricultural Society, held at Duncan's Station on Saturday. The inside show was particularly good. The fruit, roots, grain and dairy produce were plentiful and good. The exhibitions of horses and cattle were also praiseworthy but the poultry was not up to the usual mark. The weather was all that could be desired. The judges were as follows: Horses, Mayor Haslam of Nanaimo; Drs. Tolmie and Roper. Cattle, Messrs. Cartley and Bonsall; sheep, D. Stewart and J. Cameron; poultry, Dr. G. L. Milne, M. P. P., and J. Nightingale; vegetables and grain, D. R. Ker, J. Blair and G. R. Porter; fruit and flowers, G. W. Hore and A. R. Johnston; dairy, D. H. Ross, F. Fell and R. Erskine; ladies' work, Mrs. Pimbury and Mrs. Roberts; sports committee, H. O. Wellburn and John Bell.

**Victoria Trades and Labor Council.**

Victoria Trades and Labor Council met in regular session last Friday evening, the president in the chair. There was considerable discussion on the bill passed at last session of the legislature, entitled an act to provide for the establishment of a Bureau of Labor Statistics, and also of Council of Conciliation and of Arbitration for the settlement of labor disputes. There has not as yet been any chance to try the merits of the bill but if the strike of the bricklayers continues there will be an opportunity to find out the benefits that are in the bill for the wage-earner.

Since the meeting on Friday night, the members of the council have been informed that laborers tending bricklayers on the Spring Ridge surface drain, are paid only two dollars for nine hours' work, while the agreement signed by the contractor called for not less than 28 1-4 cents per hour. The agreement bearing upon the above point is as follows:

"The contractor agrees that he will not directly or indirectly employ Chinese, or Asiatics upon, about, or in connection with the work, and that he will not so employ any other person who is objected to by the standing committee of the council on sewerage and drainage. In the event of the contractor violating any of the provisions of this section, or any of his employees or any sub-contractor under him doing so, the contractor and his assigns hereby agrees that he shall forfeit all right and claim, legal or equitable, to any sum of money due or to become due to him under the contract, and that the corporation shall not be liable for and will not be responsible for the payment of any sum of money under the contract, and that the materials placed upon the ground shall be forfeited to the corporation, and the city surveyor may complete the work by day labor or re-let the work to any person by contract.

"The contractor hereby further agrees, under the like conditions and penalties as under the preceding clause of this agreement, to pay all workmen employed by him on or in connection with the work the regular rate of wages connected with the trade for the number of hours' work for each day as recognized by he trade. Attendants to bricklayers are to be paid at the rate of not less than twenty-eight and a quarter cents per hour for a day's labor of nine hours; ordinary laborers are to be paid at the rate of not less than two dollars for a day's labor of nine hours; twenty-five per cent. additional to the regular rate is to be paid for over-time. The contractor further agrees that the whole of the laborers, skilled workmen, foremen and others employed upon the works are to receive their full wages at least once a week, and in cash."

Rifle cartridges, loaded shot shells at Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street.

## SHORT LOCALS.

**Glessings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.**

—Sechers Council, Y. M. I., ill meet this evening.

—Yesterday was children's day at the First Presbyterian church.

—A meeting of the Young Men's Institute will be held this evening.

—A charge of killing hen pheasants will be heard in the provincial police court to-morrow.

—There was a good attendance at the temperance mass meeting in Temperance Hall yesterday.

—The provincial government paid only $7 a thousand for the brick recently purchased and not $9 as stated.

—The directors of the British Columbia Agricultural Society will meet to-morrow evening at 44 1-2 Government street.

—Mrs. Anna Harris, lecturer of the grand lodge, I. O. G. T., spoke at Calvary Baptist church yesterday morning.

—Rev. W. D. Barber will speak to the members of the Guild of the Holy Savior at his home in Victoria West this evening.

—A special court of assize will be held on October 5th to try Wilson, the man charged with murdering a seaman at Sidney.

—F. S. Roper, inspector of contagious diseases among animals, has ordered the destruction of two glandered horses at Chilliwack.

—A letter received from Spokane says: A report has reached Spokane of a big placer strike on the upper Kettle river in British Columbia.

—The ladies of the First Presbyterian church will hold a parlor social on Wednesday, 27th inst., at the home of Dr. Campbell, 74 Cook street.

—The steamer Queen arrived from San Francisco last night in place of the Walla Walla. She brought 150 tons of freight and 114 passengers.

—James Hague was liberated this morning. He had done ten days for being drunk. Hague was run in a few hours afterwards on a charge of vagrancy.

—The harvest festival at St. Saviors will take place on the evening of October 7, when Rev. C. E. Sharpe will preach. On the evening following Bishop Perrin will confirm a large class now being instructed by Rev. Barker.

—The Church brothers, of Calgary, arrived on the Premier Saturday evening with a choice lot of thoroughbred cattle and horses. They intend starting a general ranch at Chemainus. Their farm at Calgary comprises 1000 acres.

—Rear Admiral Stephenson has promised to send H. M. S. Garnet to New Westminster and H. M. S. Nymphe to Vancouver during the fair at the former place. Mayor Curtis accompanied by Lieut.-Governor Dewdney called upon the admiral on Saturday.

—A musical association, to be called the Choral Society, is being formed. The membership is limited to 40 and W. H. Buck will be leader. The union will meet at members' houses weekly from October to March. Haydn's Creation and Handel's Judas Maccabaeus will be given first.

—William Brown, J. A. Fullerton, Jos. Fagin, Edward Quigley, Jack Barnett and James Robinson, of the C. P. R., arrived in the city last evening from Vancouver. They are here to meet the Empress of India which is due to-morrow. William Brown will meet his brother, D. E. Brown, who is a passenger on the Empress.

—In a quarter of an hour Magistrate Macrae had disposed of the cases in the police court this morning. Michael Doherty and Tom Stevenson, drunks, were each fined $5 and costs. John Matteer, vagrant, showed letters to the police court to show that the appellation was unjustifiable. Magistrate Macrae told him that he must have witnesses and the case was adjourned till Tuesday. The Wm. Thiesyen assault case was dismissed. No appearance of the prosecutor.

—Ald. Belyea has given notice of the introduction of two by-laws. A by-law regarding the construction of house and building connections with sewers, and in reference to sewerage and plumbing in buildings. The other notice has to do with the vacancy created on the board of aldermen by the long absence from the council of Ald. McTavish. The resolution is to appoint a date for the nomination of an alderman to fill the vacancy.

—The sealing schooner Sadie Turpel, Capt. La Blanc, arrived home from her sealing cruise yesterday. She made a total catch of 1,400, taking 400 round Copper islands. She had hard luck with boats, losing one for a month and having another smashed. She was 25 days on the way home, having an uneventful passage. The schooners Enterprise and Agnes McDonald are reported in the straits. The latter will probably head the fleet with 2,800 odd.

—Arthur Langley returned last evening from Ottawa, where he went with the Victoria team for the shooting at Rideau range. "This year's tournament," said he, "was a splendid one. The shooting was all good. In fact, a man had to do exceptionally fine work at the range to be in it at all. Of course the results were all telegraphed out to the papers and I need not tell you anything about them. We were treated splendidly at Ottawa. No, I did not see the Victoria lacrosse players, as I was in Chicago at the Fair."

## ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

**Harry Parker a Young Englishman Shot While Out Hunting.**

Harry Hyde Parker, a young Englishman, was accidentally shot and killed at Chemainus on Saturday evening. He was out hunting with a shotgun in the afternoon and was found in the evening lying on his gun with part of his head shot away. He was still alive, and was immediately removed and Dr. Dixon, the district physician, sent for. He expired however before the physician arrived. He had evidently climbed over the fence and was pulling the gun over when it was discharged. The charge entered his face, inflicting a terrible wound.

Coroner Welborn of Cowichan district was holding an inquest over the body to-day, but up to the hour the Times went to press no further news was received. The meagre facts given above were received in the city yesterday. Parker was a very fine young man, about 20. He came from a highly respectable and well-to-do family in England. He was out on a visit to friends, and came here only a short time ago.

## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

**Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.**

**THE KING.**

TO-NIGHT'S GREAT FIGHT.

New York, Sept. 25.—Whether George Dixon will make mincemeat of Solly Smith, or the latter lay the colored boy low with one of his sledge-hammer blows, is the question that the sports are discussing this morning. All agree, however, that the battle to-night at the Coney Island Athletic club for the feather-weight championship of the world and a purse of $10,000, is likely to be one of the grandest displays of fistic science ever seen. Both boys are marvels in their way. Dixon is the cleverest of boxers, a ring tactician and a punishing hitter, while Smith is as game as a dog, as quick as a flash and as nimble on his feet as a panther and the hardest hitter of his weight in the ring. Both men have trained strictly, and each says it is either conquer or die. Not much betting is being done, but Dixon is slightly the favorite. The battle will be preceded by a ten round bout between Mike Dunn of Australia and Fred Norris, Muldoon's Cyclone, which promises to be a peppery go.

A carload of sports went down to Ashbury park this morning for the purpose of sizing up the condition of Solly Smith. The reports from the park are that Smith has been training hard and has developed considerable cleverness. He has had the benefit, moreover, of the advice and daily observation of Jack Dempsey and Jim Corbett, and these experts believe that Dixon will go through the same experience that recently fell to the share of Johnny Griffin at Robey.

Judge Newton, president of the Coney Island Athletic Club, yesterday brought the articles of agreement for the coming fight, bearing the signature of Charley Mitchell, to procure Corbett's signature to the important document, but after a lengthy conference with the champion, the latter declined to sign the paper. He was satisfied with the conditions but refused to sign them because it was Sunday, alleging that he derived no legal bar to interfere with the match. He will sign to-day.

**ATHLETICS.**

LEWIS AND MILLER.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—Evan Lewis, the Strangler, arrived in town this morning from Ridgeway, Wisconsin, where he has been training for his Graeco-Roman wrestling match with Sebastian Miller, the strong man. The event comes off to-night at the second regiment armory, best two out of three falls, for $1,000 a side and the gate receipts.

THE FOSTER BENEFIT.

The Victoria fife and drum band will play selections near the theatre entrance next Saturday evening before the benefit entertainment of Bob Foster commences. A large number of entries have been made for the different events on the programme, and a good evening's sport should result. Through a misunderstanding the announcement was recently made that Instructor St. Clair would swing clubs at his entertainment. This was a mistake, as he had no intention of doing so.

**AQUATIC.**

V. C. C. REGATTA.

The Victoria Canoe club's regatta on Saturday was a grand success. The regatta were as follows: Single paddle, H. C. Macaulay; sailing, Robert Cassidy; naval, seamen of Royal Arthur; tandem paddling, Gore and Munro; four paddle, D. Sullivan, W. Scott, J. Watson and D. T. Jones; tilting, Kurtz Bros.; Siwash canoes, J. B. A. A.; ladies' and gentlemen's tandem, Miss C. Christie and A. S. Gore; upset race, C. C. Kurtz; greasy pole, C. C. Kurtz; swimming, G. F. Askew. Judge at finish, Capt. Gaudin; starters, C. M. Page and J. E. Bridgman; officers of the course, T. S. Gore, Ed. Pitt, P. Wollaston and H. C. Macaulay.

**THE WHEEL.**

TRICK WORK CHAMPIONS.

Rochester, N.Y., Sept. 25.—The two well-known trick bicyclists, K. Kaufmann and W. H. Barnet, have signed articles of agreement for a contest, on ordinary bicycles for the championship of America. The money has been posted, and the contest will take place at Washington Rink in this city on October 6th. Among the terms set forth in the articles of agreement are the following: The challenger and holder shall each nominate an referee, who shall nominate an umpire, and these three shall nominate a jury of five, who shall act as judges of each competition they shall be appointed for. Scoring in each competition shall be by points, with a maximum of five points for each trick. The challenger shall perform a feat and then call upon the holder to perform it, and the holder shall then do the same, and should either party be unable to perform the trick set him he shall not be entitled to any marks for it. The marks will be added up at the end of the competition, and the competitor with the highest number will be held to be the champion.

**THE OAR.**

NEW ZEALANDER WON.

London, Sept. 25.—The Sculling match between Bubear and Sullivan of New Zealand for the Thames championship, took place to-day. Sullivan beat Bubear by five lengths.

add ring.

CORBETT HAS SIGNED.

Asbury Park, N. J., Sept. 25.—Jim Corbett this morning signed the agreement to fight Mitchell. The agreement will be given Judge Newton to-night.

**YACHTING.**

THE AMERICA'S CUP.

New York, Sept. 25.—Lord Dunraven has notified the New York Yacht club that he intends to be present at the dinner at Delmonico's to be given in his honor on the evening of Oct. 2nd. The America's cup committee will hold a meeting to-morrow to arrange preliminaries for the races which begin next week. Lord Dunraven will be present at the meeting.

CARROLL'S DENY.

London, Sept. 25.—Royal Phelps Carroll of the Navahoe denies that he has been challenged by Lord Dunraven to sail a race for the Brenton Reef cup.

**LACROSSE.**

VICTORIA AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—The Victoria team had a short practice here to-day, and are feeling in good condition, notwithstanding their journey by train and other drawbacks. They will play a strong game to-morrow with the Capitals, the champions of Canada.

—The new Japanese drapery crepes and leather paper hangings just opened at Weiler Bros.' are very effective and the prices low for such elegant goods.


# SPENCER'S ARCADE

**Just a word about our New Dress Goods, which are Better Value than ever**

We have a line of double width Serges at 33c. a yard, all colors, and three splendid lines at 50c.—one an all wool Fancy Hop Sack, another an all wool Whipcord Serge, and the other a Fancy Shot Material. These are much under value, and anyone wanting an inexpensive Dress cannot do better than buy one of these nice new stuffs. At 75c., 90c. and $1 we have also good stylish lines, while at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 we show a very varied assortment of the Latest Novelties—all short lengths.

THE JACKETS AND CAPES are going off splendidly. Everyone says: "How stylish they are! and "Oh, how cheap!"

**D. SPENCER, Government St.**

# The Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

# Great Reduction Sale

In order to Reduce our Stock We have Greatly Reduced Our Prices In All Departments.

NEW MILLINERY,
NEW MANTLES,
NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW TRIMMINGS,
NEW FLANNELS,
NEW CURTAINS
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Before purchasing be sure and give us a call to compare qualities and prices of goods.

**W. S. Hampson & Co.**

**New Dress Goods**

Opened this day at the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, fancy whipcord, beige nattes, serges, cashmeres, mourning goods, plain and shot effects, homespuns in all the new shades, 33c., 40c., 50c., 65c., to $1.50 per yard. J. Partridge, proprietor.

**A Sealing Rumor.**

A rumor, founded most likely upon private advices to interested parties, to the effect that the governments of the United States and Great Britain were negotiating to close Behring Sea and the Pacific for sealing for two years, was in circulation this morning. Along with the findings and recommendations of the Paris arbitration was one among the latter that the killing of seals be absolutely stopped for a period of two years, both at the rookeries by the fur company and on the high seas by the pelagic hunters. Such an agreement would lead to high prices at the October sales, but it is very doubtful if it would absolutely stop sealing. Even if not done and the regulations formulated at Paris are put in force many of the vessels are likely to change ownership and flags, as none of the nations of the world except the two parties to the arbitration are liable to subscribe to the findings.

2460 Pairs
Guaranteed Kid Gloves
Per Express

The Ladies of Victoria will be pleased to know that we are in receipt of a large shipment of our Celebrated Kid Gloves—Every pair guaranteed. Although there has been a considerable advance in price by the manufacturers, we will continue to sell them at $1.25 per pair, in plain and embroidered backs. A beautiful, soft Kid Glove, equal to the best $1.50 glove sold in the city.

The Westside.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Australian Canned

# Meats

Luncheon Beef,
Roast Beef,
Roast Mutton,
Pork Sausage,
Etc., Etc.,

IN 1 AND 2 POUND CANS.
PRONOUNCED BY EPICURES AS "EXCELLENT."

**ERSKINE, WALL & CO.**
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

# 3 BARGAINS 3

1. **House---**
All conveniences; two lots; fruit trees; good garden; a beautiful place, well situated; will rent for $20.
Price, $3,250.

2. **One Acre---**
One of the finest sites in or about Victoria; convenient, with magnificent view; good garden.
Only $1,500.

3. **The Best Lot at Oak Bay.**

ENQUIRE OF 9 TROUNCE AVE. 9
OR..... 30 BROAD STREET 30


**St. Paul's Sale of Work.**

The third annual sale of useful and fancy work of the Ladies' Aid society of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, will take place in the public hall, Craig Flower road, on Tuesday afternoon and evening next. Luncheon from 5 to 8 p. m. 25 cents. Admission to the hall, 10 cents. Proceeds are in aid of the church building fund.


# FINE . . . . .
# FRESH BUTTER

JUST ARRIVED.

R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort St.

## Photographs!

Finest

CABINET PHOTOS
$3.00 PER DOZEN,
FOR ONE MONTH ONLY.

K. FORBES MACKIE,
Photographer, 59½ Government Street


## TO LET

The Directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital are prepared to let the premises known as the French Hospital recently occupied by the "Old Men's Home" and situated in Collinson street, on reasonable terms, with immediate possession. For information apply to

H. M. YATES,
Secretary.

P. O. Box 551, or care of Yates & Jay, Bastion street.
Victoria, B.C., August 31, 1893.
s31-1m

## Notice to General Contractors.

Tenders are required for the erection and completion of a Frame Residence on the Saanich Road. Plans and specifications can be seen at my office up till Thursday, Sept. 28th, at 12 o'clock noon, at which hour tenders will be received. The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
28½ Government Street, Sept. 22, 1893.—24

## $250 REWARD

Will be paid for information that will lead to the recovery of 182 seal skins stolen from the schooner Ocean Belle at Grant's wharf last night.

Sept. 21, 1893. HALL, GOEPEL & CO.

**MEETINGS TO BE HELD.**

**The Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company**

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.
Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893.
s29-td

**The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.**

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 a.m.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.
Dated at Victoria, 29th August, 1893.
s29-td

**In the Matter of the Estate of Disher & Campbell, of 81 Douglas Street, Victoria, Grocers.**

Take notice that the trustees of this estate have granted and assigned all the estate and effects of the above named Disher & Campbell to Daniel Campbell and he is authorized to collect all book debts due and owing to the late firm of Disher & Campbell.

And further take notice that all persons having claims against the said estate must forward and deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the trustees, Charles Fox Todd and Joseph Clearihue of Victoria on or before the 1st day of December, 1893. After the 1st day of December, 1893, the trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

Dated 11th September, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
Solicitor for the Trustees,
Victoria.
s11-1m


THE WEEKLY TIMES
THE WEEKLY TIMES
THE WEEKLY TIMES
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

# DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

## THE CONSTITUTIONAL LEAGUE.

### A Meeting Held in Vancouver for the Selection of Delegates.

A constitutional league meeting was held in Vancouver on Saturday night to select delegates to the Kamloops convention, with Mr. Wm. McCraney as chairman.

Major-General Twigge gave a short account of the work done by the Constitutional League since its organization. At a mass meeting held in the same hall on April 15th a resolution was passed for the organization of the league, and a committee was appointed. The committee met on April 16th, the following day, and appointed him chairman and Mr. Templeton treasurer. Sub-committees were also appointed. A resolution was also passed that the declaration and appeal drawn up should be forwarded to every voter on the Mainland except in the coast cities, as they could see the same through the papers. This was done and as a result meetings were held in various places and committees appointed and a central committee was then organized. This committee prepared a petition to the Governor-General asking him to exercise his power of veto. Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney and Premier Davie were notified of this step, as well as the Governor-General. The petition was circulated and largely signed. On May 3rd the first instalment containing 1,270 signatures was forwarded, and on Aug. 11th the fifth with 6,268 signatures. There were on the petitions the names of considerably more than two-thirds of the registered voters on the Mainland. The last instalment was about to be sent, and then the petition would be closed for signatures. The league had obtained the services of Mr. Kitchen to visit the upper country, and he had been to Lillooet, Yale, West Kootenay and Cariboo, where he had found the sentiment unanimous in condemnation of the public buildings. A detailed report had not been received yet, so that he was unable to say quite what had been done, but he had received word that everything had been done satisfactorily. In regard to the expenditure of $600,000, at the meeting held by the premier, he had totally failed to explain this expenditure. The leak over the speaker's chair and the solitary carpenter would not, like in New Westminster, go down. The expense of Mr. Kitchen's trip had been borne by branches of the league here and in New Westminster, half by each. The public contributions had amounted to $307, so that a great deal had been done for the money. The league had also ventilated the truth of affairs in the English and Eastern press, and this convention had been decided on at a meeting of the Central League in order to devise plans to carry on the campaign. Any statement made by the league the government had not attempted to contradict, and all they had done was to abuse them and call them professional agitators and schemers.

Rev. G. R. Maxwell moved, seconded by P. Fewster, that Major-General Twigge and Messrs. J. B. Ker, A. H. B. Macgowan and George Magee be appointed delegate to the Kamloops convention. Mr. Maxwell made a strong speech, in which he condemned the government for its new buildings policy and on other grounds. Among other things he said the objects of the convention were to get men to discuss matters of importance and propound a policy by which good men and true shall be returned, and that an honest government shall be put in to rule for all cities and no clique. It was his wish that the Mainland and Victoria could be more harmonious than now. He had no hatred for the Island, and wished both to go together, but so long as there was that cursed selfishness and childishness it would be impossible. They would not always go on their knees and beg of Victoria. When they began to realize that the mainland was just as much to British Columbia as Victoria, then by joining together they could make a great province for those who come after.

The resolution was seconded by P. Fewster, who said he had once been introduced to Premier Davie, and his first impressions were decidedly favorable, but that was before he knew him as premier. His acts were quite at variance with his opinions. One of the greatest was the vast expenditure at Victoria. It was to be hoped that they would have two well-balanced parties in the house as in England, and then, and not till then, would the province be free and the people rule. Palmerston, he said, would not give a straw for a man's opinion if he was too much interested, and this applied well to the present case.

J. B. Ker announced that he would not be able, for business reasons, to go to Kamloops as a delegate, and asked that the name of J. M. Duval be substituted for his. In the course of his speech he condemned the government for increasing the expenditure too rapidly, for spending so large a sum on new buildings, and for entertaining the Canada Western railway proposal.

J. M. Duval appeared as an advocate of separation. He said the league had done the best it could, but its actions have been somewhat thwarted by the senior member for this city, and through his action one of the most active members had resigned in disgust. Before the session of the legislature steps were taken to go through the country and obtain the general feeling of the people. In order to do this before the parliament buildings bill was finally passed, it was agreed to introduce amendments to delay the debate. Had this course been adopted there would have been a great difference. At Lillooet the members would not have supported the bill if they had known the people were opposed to it, and how many more members would there have been deprived of this excuse? Mr. Cotton was opposed to this course because it was a new government, and wanted to give it a chance. As a result of this action there is a $600,000 mill stone around the people's neck.

The chairman stated that though in sympathy with the movement for a better system of government he was opposed to separation. He mentioned that whereas the expenditure for carrying on the government was $22 per capita, in Ontario it was only $2.

Mr. W. E. Johnstone suggested that as there were a large number of union men in the city, they would like to have one delegate to represent them. He proposed Mr. Geo. Walker in place of Mr. Duval, Mr. Pollay seconding the resolution. A vote was then taken with the result that Major-General Twigge and Messrs. Geo. Magee, A. H. B. Macgowan and Geo. Walker were elected.

In response to repeated calls Mr. Cotton took the platform. He said he had merely come to the meeting to vote for delegates to what he thought would be a most important gathering at Kamloops. He was sorry if Mr. Duval or any one else disapproved of the position he took in the matter, but as a member of the independent party he could not by his silence seem to assent to a course which would break up the province, except on the direst necessity and as a last resource. When every other effort had failed, when by reason of the political condition of the province, the property, the prospects, the interests and the welfare of the people of the mainland appeared to be certain of being ruined, unless the separation of the Mainland from the Island was brought about, he might then be reluctantly forced to assent to what he considered a retrograde step. But he did not believe that such a condition would arise if the people of the Mainland were true to themselves, true to the rights which they had under the constitution. It was Edmund Burke who said that any one could pull down, but that it required a statesman to build up, and that was exactly the case in the province to-day. He did not believe that the present government had the ability—even if it had the desire—to administer affairs wisely. Indeed, a consideration of what had occurred during the last few years showed this to be the case. One policy proposed one year, only to be followed by one directly opposite the next, was the history of the Robson and the Davie administrations. The people, not merely of the mainland, but of the Island, were awakening to the evils that existed and there should be no difficulty in securing a remedy. But the first step was organization and that of the people of every section of the province, and the league had done good work towards that by stirring up the people and bringing about the proposed convention at Kamloops. In 1886 the government had secured a majority of 15; in the elections of 1890 this was reduced to 5 in the present house. But these results had been attained without any organization. What then might not be anticipated as the result of combined effort, of a general movement of the people of the Island and Mainland, standing shoulder to shoulder in the fight to bring about a better state of things?

### Alas the Busy Bee.

Mr. Lawson Tait, the well-known medical specialist of Birmingham, writes an interesting letter, in which he says:

"The argument against all and every use of alcohol which we used to hear much of years ago was based on the statement that it was not a product of nature, and not used in any natural condition. The argument itself is a very unsafe one, even if the premises were correct, but they are not, and the plague of wasps has proved it. I have been watching the wasps with great interest, and have noticed the avidity with which they attack certain fruit when fully ripe, rotting, in fact, and I have also noticed some of the peculiar results from their doing so. The sugar in some fruits which are most attacked by wasps has a tendency to pass into a kind or kinds of alcohol in the ordinary process of rotting, a fact which is easily ascertained by the use of a still not large enough to attract the attention of the excise authorities. On such fruits, particularly grapes and certain plums, you will see wasps pushing and fighting in numbers much larger than can be accommodated, and you will see them get very drunk, crawl away in a semi-somnolent condition, and repose in the grass for some time, till they get over the "bout," and then they will go at it again. It is while they are thus affected that they do their worst in stinging, both in the virulent nature of the stroke and the utterly unprovoked assaults of which they are guilty. I was stung last year by a drunken wasp and suffered severely from symptoms of nerve poison for several days. In such drunken peculiarities they resemble their human contemporaries.

"It is evident, therefore, that those who use the argument about alcohol to which I have objected must give it up; the more that we know that there are certain plants (orchids) whose cross-fertilization is secured by a regular system of public houses in which bees are made drunk, for without inebriation the bees would not go through the antics by which alone the orchids can be fertilized. I am quite sure, however, that our teetotal friends will derive arguments enough and awful examples quite sufficient from drunken wasps without the use of the argument I have disposed of. I can furnish them with one. Having found out how fond they were of alcohol, I provided them very abundantly with free "pubs," with swing doors and unlimited beer, and now we live in comparative comfort and view without compunction thousands of dead drunkards in our beer bottles."

### Reared With Bandits.

Chicago Herald: "Do you know that the most daring train robbers this country ever knew were playmates of Steve Elkins, the late secretary of war?" asked John B. Cassidy, a wealthy merchant of Southwestern Missouri, who was chatting with a party of story tellers yesterday. Everybody knew that Steve Elkins was a pretty bad Republican, and was an expert in the art of "holding up" people in a political game, but nobody suspected he ever associated with train robbers.

"Well, as Chicago people are beginning to think that life is dreadfully monotonous if they cannot read a sensational account of a bold train robbery every other morning before breakfast, I will tell you of Steve Elkins' acquaintance with train robbers," remarked Mr. Cassidy.

"Steve and his brother were boys together with Bob, Cole and Jim Younger in a small town in Missouri, not a great way from Kansas City. A short time before the opening of the war Steve left the college at Columbia, Mo., and taught school at Harrisonville, Cass County, Mo. Among the students was Cole Younger, and Steve told me the last time I talked with him that Cole was an exceedingly bright boy, and an obedient student. But it is a little singular how these boys came to join a gang of freebooters and finally associate themselves with the notorious James gang. It happened in this way: Old man Harry Younger, the father of the Younger boys, was a staunch Unionist. One night about the beginning of the war he visited a small town near Kansas City on a matter of business, and he went to start home after nightfall with $900 in his pocket. His friends pleaded with him to remain until the next day, and warned him of the risk he was taking, as the surrounding country was alive with Federal soldiers. But Uncle Harry mounted his horse to start on his journey home and remarked to his friends, 'No, I hardly think anybody will harm me. I am not afraid of the Yankees, and there are no rebels anywhere near my route.' He had full confidence that the Union soldiers would do him no harm, because he was a Unionist himself. So he started for home.

"That night Uncle Harry's horse trotted up to the barnyard bars at home and whinnied to be let in, but the animal bore no rider. The next day the body of Uncle Harry Younger was found lying cold in death by the roadside. Two rifle balls had entered his back and torn their way through his body, and his pockets had been rifled. The Yankees had murdered and robbed him of the $900.

"Up to this time the Younger boys had taken no decided stand either for or against the Union cause, but when they learned that their poor old father, who was a strong Unionist in the midst of a rebel country, had been murdered by the Yankees they swore lasting vengeance against the Federals, and the boys made their oath good by immediately joining Quantrell's band of guerrillas, which was then in that part of the state. These Younger brothers were all brave, determined and courageous, even in the face of danger and death. After the war was over they joined the James gang and were the first to startle the country by a train robbery at Gad's Hill, Mo., back in the early '70s. Up to that time the holding up of trains had never been heard of, but the business soon became quite fashionable in Missouri and the Indian territory. But the Younger boys were born for an honorable career, as they were good fellows at heart before circumstances persuaded them to become freebooters."

### About Trousers.

Trousers appear to have been introduced into Rome at a comparatively late period and as a part of the military uniform. They are worn by the Roman soldiers represented in Trajan's column as well as by barbarians. The Greeks had never adopted them. With their instinctive sense of beauty they had recognised that these are the only garments that cannot possibly be made graceful.

A sleeve may become a part of the drapery of a figure, a trouser leg is more obstinate in its ugliness. If tight it bags at the knees on the third wearing. Yet this is perhaps its least objectionable shape. If somewhat loose it takes pretty and meaningless folds. Some Oriental races have tried to disguise it as a skirt, but the result is not entirely satisfactory. If the trousers do not appear to give freedom to the leg they must have lost their principal merit. Compromise, which is the life of politics, is the death of art, which should always struggle after an ideal. So thought the Greeks when they entirely renounced for themselves the barbarous pantaloons.—Scribner's Magazine.

### One Honest Man.

To the Editor of the Victoria Times:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to any one full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:

Mr. Edward Martin, (Teacher),
P. O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.


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TRADE MARK
CELEBRATED CUTLERY
JAS. HUTTON & CO. MONTREAL & TORONTO
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That Wedding Present

You are thinking of giving is causing you a deal of trouble. It *is* difficult to choose something at once elegant and useful. Let us suggest for you. One of the nicest presents for a young couple just setting us housekeeping is a set of

Eddy's Indurated Fibre Ware

Consisting of Pails, Tubs, Wash Basins, Bread Pans, &c., &c. This is a present that will last and keep the donor in remembrance, besides being a constant source of delight to the happy recipient. The Lightest, Tightest, Neatest, Sweetest and Most Durable Ware made.

Sold Everywhere.

Manufactured in Canada Solely by
The E. B. Eddy Co.,
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CAPITAL (With power to increase)......£600,000, $2,920,000
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IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).
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IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,
THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

| Stations | No. 1 Passenger Daily | No. 3 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays | Miles from Wellington |
|---|---|---|---|
| Victoria | Ar. 12.?? P.M. | Ar. 8.00 P.M. | 78 |
| Russell's | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Esquimalt | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Goldstream | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Summit Siding | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Shawnigan Lake | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Cobble Hill | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| McPherson's | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Koksilah | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Duncan's | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Somenos | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chemainus | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Oyster Bay Sid'g | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Nanaimo | De. [illegible] / Ar. [illegible] | 4 ?? | 5 |
| Wellington | De. 8.10 | De. 4.30 | 0 |

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

| Stations | No. 2 Passenger Daily | No. 4 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays | Miles from Victoria |
|---|---|---|---|
| Victoria | De. 8.00 A.M. | De. 3.04 P.M. | 0 |
| Russell's | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Esquimalt | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Goldstream | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Summit Siding | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Shawnigan Lake | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Cobble Hill | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| McPherson's | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Koksilah | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Duncan's | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Somenos | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chemainus | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Oyster Bay Sid'g | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Nanaimo | Ar. [illegible] / De. [illegible] | 6 22 | 73 |
| Wellington | Ar. 12.14 P.M. | Ar. 6.34 | 78 |

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 21,
Taking effect August 22nd, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2:30 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Umatilla - - - - Oct. 22
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Great Overland Route

QUICKEST AND SHORTEST
To All Points East and South.

UNSURPASSED SCENERY ROADBED EQUIPMENT.

No dust, through Pullman Cars and elegant Tourist Cars on all trains.

Special Through Rates

To and from any part of Europe by all transatlantic lines.
Intending travellers should take advantage of the very low rates offered by the C.P.R. to eastern points.

Banff National Park Excursion Tickets

Good for 60 days to Banff and return during summer months,
ONLY $80.00

Grand fishing and shooting, Okanagan Lake, Kootenay. Steamer "Aberdeen" running from Okanagan Landing to Penticton Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
For further particulars apply to
G. L. COURTNEY, Agent C.P. R.,
Cor. Government and Fort streets.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

THE Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

| SPEED 18 knots | | Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." | | | TONNAGE 1117 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 00 am | Lv | Mi | ..*Tacoma... | 110 Ar | 5 15 am |
| 10 15 am | Lv | 28 | ....Seattle.... | 82 Lv | 3 00 am |
| 1 30 pm | Lv | 72 | Pt. Townsend | 38 Lv | 11 45 pm |
| 4 30 pm | Ar | 110 | ...Victoria†... | Mi Lv | 8 30 pm |

Port Townsend Mail Route.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 11 00 pm | Lv | 28 | ...*Seattle.... | 86 Ar | [illegible] pm |
| 12 30 am | Lv | 39 | .Port Madison | 47 Lv | 2 10 pm |
| | Lv | 45 | ...Kingston... | 41 Lv | |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 49 | .Port Gamble. | 21 Lv | 11 50 am |
| 4 00 am | Lv | 73 | .Port Ludlow | 13 Lv | 10 00 am |
| 6 00 am | Ar | 86 | ‡Pt. Townsend | Mi Lv | 8 00 am |

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B.C.
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass Agent, 121 First, Washington, Portland, Or.

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
AND
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address
THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1106 Pacific Ave., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:
Leave Victoria......Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox......Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Comox for Valdes Island every alternate Thursday at......7 a.m.
Returning same day
" Comox for Nanaimo......Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria......Saturday, 7 a.m.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria at Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.
For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Mariposa......Thursday, 19th Oct., at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

FOR HONOLULU
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, September 30, 1893, 2 p.m.
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago, Duluth, West Superior, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, should travel by this route.

Leave Victoria daily at 8:30 p.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis and the East.

This trans-continental line runs Buffet cars, containing bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first-class coaches, and free tourist sleepers.

Through Palace sleeping cars between Seattle and Chicago.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanogan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky mountains in daylight. Fine scenery and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to
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**Boys' and Men's.... Winter Suits and Overcoats**
Splendid Assortment to Select from.
Eastern Tailor Made Suits and Overcoats to Measure.
Fit and Finish Guaranteed.
New Fall Samples Just to Hand.........
**B. WILLIAMS & CO.,**
Clothiers, Hatters and General Outfitters,
97 Johnson Street,
VICTORIA, B.C.

## INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Kamloops Fire Awakened Much Latent Enterprise.

BUILDINGS BURNED TO BE REBUILT

**Loaded Revolvers in Prison—The Similkameen Country Coming to the Front—Salmon in the Nicola.**

(Island Sentinel.)

Campbell school, South Thompson, opened on Tuesday with Miss Jessie McQueen as teacher.

The Nicola river is full of salmon struggling up the current. Thousands of them are lying dead on the bottom.

Over $400 were collected within a few days form the inhabitants of Kamloops, to aid those in need of assistance in consequence of the recent fire in the city.

Two men were arrested at Spencer's bridge on Wednesday night last on a freight car. They had burglar's tools and were suspected to be the men who attempted to rob J. Vair's store on Saturday night. They were brought down and put in jail here.

The Nelson & Fort Shephard railway is expected to be ready and open for traffic by the end of October. If it is, perhaps Nelson will again become the lively camp it used to be before that unfortunate little misunderstanding with the inland revenue took place.

The party engaged constructing the road to the Granite Creek mines are making very satisfactory progress under great disadvantages, the country being obstructed with timber and rocky in places. They have reached a point about one mile below the foot of Pete mountain, in the south fork of the Otter.

A rich strike was lately made in the Similkameen district, at Princeton, about twelve miles below Granite creek, in the ground embraced in the McDougal lease, situated opposite Allison's. An ancient bed of the Similkameen river has been found in one of the benches about half a mile back of the present stream.

Cecil Smith of Vancouver, who is examining the mineral veins of Bear creek, has secured, in company with several others, a valuable location on the Tulameen river. Professor Crawford and Messrs. Thain and Hendrickson are taking up leaseholds with a view of actively prosecuting mining operations in the spring. Robert Stevenson is reported coming over the Hope trail to make arrangements for the working of his hydraulic claim on Granite creek.

On Wednesday evening last Mr. Sinclair, the goaler at Kamloops, was lucky enough to discover a beautiful Smith & Wesson hammerless revolver, loaded in the bathroom of the Kamloops goal. His suspicions being aroused, and he not being fully satisfied, determined on a strict search of the premises frequented by the prisoners, with the result of finding another revolver, a perfectly new Colts of the new pattern, ingeniously hidden in the bathroom. In consequence of finding these preparations, which no doubt were planned with the intention of a goal delivery of some of those now awaiting trial, the guard has been doubled.

Mr. Hunter, the mining recorder at Granite, reports a company of Chinamen making $15 per day to the hand at the junction of the Tulameen and Similkameen rivers. The Pogue Co., on Granite creek, after working steadily for six months, lately struck rich ground in their tunnel, which is one thousand feet long, and is being extended to intersect the old works to obtain ventilation; after which they will commence washing. Several applications for leases of hydraulic mining ground in Granite creek have been received, including the bench back of the town, which has been staked for the purpose.

John MacDonald, a miner of many years' experience, states he hasn't seen as fine-looking gravel since he left Cariboo. The gold is found distributed throughout the face of the drift. The width of the channel is at present unknown, but it is supposed to be a great extent, and apparently exists for a number of miles parallel to the river. This is considered the most important discovery that has been made for many years. Owing to the expense of working the ground, and the difficulty of obtaining water, it is not considered available for individual mining and will therefore be leased in blocks of 160 acres. Great excitement prevails and the benches are being rapidly staked off.

Although the fire on Sunday morning caused much loss to the sufferers, much of which was uncovered by insurance, there is reason to believe that the disaster will not be without its measure of good by causing the erection of a better class of buildings in place of those destroyed. Early on Monday operations were commenced by W. Simmons for the erection of a workshop for himself in place of the one destroyed, and ere the day was out Mr. Duhamel had a building under way to accommodate his patrons. E. G. Prior & Co. have bought the lot on which was their old stand, together with the adjoining corner where the Dominion lands office stood, and intend erecting a substantial building thereon as soon as possible. The firm meanwhile occupies the store belonging to Mr. Mara at the west end. Jas. Vair will also build as soon as he has secured a suitable location, and in the interval will occupy a part of the lower floor of the Masonic block at the east end, the other half being the temporary quarters of the Dominion lands office. Chong Lee will erect a new store and residence on the old site, as will also L. Quinn. J. M. Morrison is also erecting a butcher shop on the north side of the street, and Mr. Fortune has stated his intention of putting up a good block on his land left vacant by the fire.

In the meantime those business men who have been driven out of their locations are settling down where they can find a place, which is no easy matter, vacant residences and stores being a scarcity in Kamloops. Mr. Stevenson has opened out upstairs in the building west of the Dominion hotel, and the firms of Jas. Vair and Prior & Co. have large stocks ordered and on the road.

(Kootenay Star.)

A. B. Cochrane is thinking of starting a newspaper at Nakusp, but so far it has not been christened.

Several men have gone up the Lardeau during the week to try placer mining. Up to the present it is very doubtful whether placer work will pay.

The C. P. R. is now shipping ore regularly from Kaslo via Nelson and Revelstoke to 'Frisco. Four carloads came by the Columbia this week, and almost every boat brings a further supply.

The news of the defeat of the silver combination in the United States congress has caused a feeling of distrust among the prospectors, and many have decided to prospect no more for argentiferous ores until the state of affairs shall alter for the better.

The pack trains are making their trips very irregularly now. It is proposed to make some arrangements to secure a regular fortnightly mail during the winter to be carried on foot over the snow. The postoffice authorities at Ottawa, however, appear entirely indifferent in the matter and take no notice whatever of petitions.

## BANK OF B. N. A.

**The Chairman's Remarks at a General Meeting of Proprietors.**

A general meeting of the proprietors of this bank was held at the office of the corporation, 3, Clement's Lane, Lombard street, City, yesterday, (Tuesday) to receive the report of the directors.

Mr. H. J. B. Kendall occupied the chair.

Mr. A. G. Wallis, secretary, having read the notice convening the meeting, the report was taken as read.

The Chairman: You will notice in the report that we have differed from the usual form in one particular, namely, that we state the amounts appropriated out of the net profits of the half-year to the Officers' Widows and Orphans Fund and the Life Insurance Fund. When those excellent schemes were first instituted, we took your sanction for contributing to them, and from time to time they have been mentioned in the half-yearly reports presented at general meetings. But in view of the fact that the personnel of shareholders changes in time, we thought it better to specify in the half-yearly report the appropriations to those excellent schemes, and to contain your continuing sanction of them. Turning to the balance-sheet the only items which show any noticeable change as compared with the last half-year are the following: On the liabilities side there is a diminution in the amount of deposits on current accounts of about £100,000. This is entirely an ordinary diminution, owing doubtless to the somewhat restricted means of the depositors during hard times, and will right itself when business grows better. On the asset side you will notice a decrease of £330,000 in the item "Cash on call," etc. Of this sum £150,000 appears in the increased total of "bills receivable, loans, etc."; that is to say, that in some of our branches money has been to that extent loaned at fixed times of, say, two or three months instead of at call, and of the remainder, £100,000 is the result of the decrease to that extent alluded to in deposits. The amount of the investment account is swelled by £26,000 of good colonial securities which it has been to our advantage to take. The bank premises account has been augmented by £3500, part of the cost of the new buildings at Vancouver. The total of this account is, we consider, a moderate estimate of the value of our investment in bank premises. The net earnings from the profits of the half-year, after making ample provision for bad and doubtful debts, amounts to £33,437 14s. 6d.; this, together with the £7863 10s. 2d. brought forward, gives a total of £41,301 4s. 8d., which we have to deal with, and which enables us to declare the dividend usual at this half-year of 35 shillings per share, to appropriate £687 12s. 1d. to the officers' fund, which have alluded to, and to carry forward £5613 12s. 7d. to the next half-year. This result, obtained as it has been during a time of great financial panic in two great countries of the world, is one for which to say the least, we may be thankful. There is no denying that it has been an anxious time, but it is quite possible that the wave of distrust which was the direct result of the financial policy inaugurated in the United States by the passing of the Sherman Silver Bill might have extended over the border into the Dominion. That it did not do so is, I think, eloquent testimony to the soundness of the Canadian banking system. Had it extended there, it would have caused us and the other great banks of the Dominion some inconvenience, and possibly some loss; but our financial position is, and was, sufficiently strong to have met such an emergency successfully. I am very happy to be able to state that we have met with no exceptional losses during the half-year; and perhaps I may here say that when we report to you, as we do report to you, that all bad and doubtful debts have been provided for, those unwelcome but unavoidable casualties are gone into by the board most carefully seriatim, and dealt with with no unsparing hand. On the whole, I may say that we have cause to be thankful that we have been able to earn our accustomed half-yearly dividend as usual during very trying times. As regards the prospects for the coming half-year, it is always difficult and somewhat dangerous to prophesy; but so far as we have been able to inform ourselves, the great industries of the Dominion are in a condition favorable to the general welfare. We have reports from the other side which assure us that the harvest generally in the Dominion is likely to prove an average one, and I have seen it stated in some of the newspapers that, as regards the great Northwest, the quality of the crops is the best on record. The lumber trade, one of the greater industries of the Dominion, has been lately in a more than usually prosperous condition; and as regards the manufacturing industries—well, although they cannot be said to be 'booming,' still I believe that they are not in an unhealthy position. Under these circumstances, I think it is not unreasonable to look forward to the possibility of prosperous half-year. You are aware that from time to time, when practicable, some member of the board makes a visit of inspection to the branches and agencies. The information obtained during these visits is always of great interest, and most useful to us here. These inspections keep us in touch, not only with our officers, but also with some of our customers, and they afford us that personal knowledge of our business which is always of great value in any banking concern. We have recently had the benefit of a visit of this sort from our valued colleague Mr. Glyn, and the voluminous information which he has brought home has inspired us with renewed confidence in the continued prosperity of the bank, and, I think I may say also, in the continued popularity of the bank. It has also confirmed us in the belief which we have maintained, that your officers—from the general manager and his able deputy, the managers of the branches, down to the juniors in the service—continue to merit that confidence which we place in them, and by their tact and ability, and by their zeal in your service, to merit those thanks which I hope you will now join with me in offering to them, and which I think they truly deserve. I do not think that there is any other topic upon which I can touch, and unless any shareholder has any questions to ask, or any remarks to make, I will put the motion for the adoption of the report.

Mr. Glyn seconded the motion.

There being no discussion, the resolution was unanimously passed.

Upon the proposition of Mr. J. B. Smith a vote of thanks was passed to the directors and officers, and the compliment having been accorded by the Chairman, the business of the meeting concluded.—Canadian Gazette.

## OTTAWA SNOBS.

To the Editor: I cannot help moralizing a little on the oddities of the would-be exquisites of Ottawa, albeit they are happily a little flock, and by no means representative of the higher phases of the Canadian mind. I wonder whether these people would have considered themselves honored if the distinguished William Ewart Gladstone had come in person to direct the destinies of Canada? I suppose they would have felt themselves insulted, not so much by the man as by the "Mr." For it is almost certain that the prime minister would never remember to make a lord of himself before crossing the Atlantic, though I have no doubt he would bitterly repent his carelessness later on. However, it is satisfying to know that those Canadians who love a real, live lord have got what they want, as have also those who love a useful member of society.

A. MAITLAND STENHOUSE.
University Club, Edinburgh, Scotland, Sept. 7th, 1893.

**Are You Nervous.**

Are you all tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headache? You can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve, mental and bodily strength and thoroughly purifies the blood. It also creates a good appetite, cures indigestion, heartburn and dyspepsia.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25 cents a box.

**How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.**

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

THEY ARE
PLEASANT TO TAKE
YET
POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.
They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.
Ask Your Druggist For Them.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S
FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases.
Sold by chemists throughout the world.
W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
jy20 Agents for B.C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St, Victoria.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 62 Third street Victoria.
12m3

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.
(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

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# THE LONDON & CANADIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LT'D

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK $500,000 (WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO $1,000,000.)

This Company having its Head Office in Victoria, is prepared to do a conservative business throughout the Province; and can accept risks, settle losses, etc., without reference elsewhere. Its business is already greater than any other Fire Insurance Company for the Province alone. FOR THE SECURITY OF THE INSURED it has deposited with the Provincial Government $20,000, and reinsures two-thirds of every Policy issued. Its funds are invested in this country, and it therefore deserves the patronage of British Columbians.

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au26-1m


## IN A PRECARIOUS CONDITION.

### Leon Borde Accidentally Shot in the Foot Yesterday Afternoon.

Little Leon Borde, aged 9, son of Gus Borde the city water tax collector, lies at the St. Joseph's Hospital, critically ill, suffering from a gunshot wound in the left foot. The wound was accidentally inflicted at Shawnigan Lake yesterday afternoon about 4:30 by Healy, another little boy. It was nearly 9 o'clock before the victim of the accident reached the city and in the meanwhile he had been reduced to a very weak condition by the loss of blood.

Gus Borde, his brother and his two boys, Leon and an older one, were members of a large party which went to Shawnigan lake yesterday morning to spend the day shooting and fishing. The elder Borde boy and two boys named Healey took a gun and went shooting. Leon Borde went fishing on the lake. As the fishermen were returning to the hotel Leon asked his father if he could not go and join his brother who had the gun. He obtained his father's consent and went off. Shortly afterwards news reached the hotel that the boy had been hurt. Mr. Borde went out and found his young son in a house occupied by Mr. Rivers. His left foot had been terribly shattered, and there was a hole through it from the instep to the heel. The boy said that the gun had gone off while Jimmy Healy was trying to cock it, and the full contents of a cartridge had entered Leon Borde's foot. He was cocking it to let the victim of the accident to take a shot.

Mr. Borde says his boys were used to handling a gun and had alwyas been very careful.

The little sufferer was removed to St. Joseph's hospital upon his arrival in the city, where the wound was dressed. The doctors will decide this evening whether it will be necessary to amputate the injured foot.

A shooting accident not as serious as the above occurred near Sooke lake yesterday afternoon, the victim being D. M. Gordon, ex-provincial constable. Supt. Hussey received news last evening that a bullet had grazed Mr. Gordon's stomach, inflicting a painful flesh wound. Constable Huson was sent out to bring the injured hunter home.

## DELEGATES TO KAMLOOPS

### Separatists Not Wanted—A Dishonest Chinese Cook.

Vancouver, Sept. 25.—The Chinese cook on the steamer Comox has been arrested for stealing a gold watch and $60 from the purser's room three weeks ago.

The postponed horse races came off on Saturday, pools and bets on the open trot being declared off on account of suspected "crooked" work.

There was a meeting on Saturday night which chose Major-General Twigge, A. H. B. Macgowan, Geo. E. Magee and J. B. Walker, the latter as a representative of the labor element, delegates to the Kamloops convention. There was no great enthusiasm. Duval advocated separation from the island and was promptly squelched and defeated for delegate. The New Westminster meeting appointed Dr. Cooper, J. A. Forin and Jas. Johnston. Vancouver Island will probably be asked to send delegates to Kamloops.

### To be Sold by Auction.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—W. O. Breckenbaugh, formerly an auctioneer in New York, has broached an idea that is favorably regarded by Director-General Davis and the World's Fair managers. It is to sell the buildings at auction in Jackson Park to the highest bidder, and it is thought they will bring more in this way than any other. The scheme is decidedly original and has already received semi-official consideration, and will probably be adopted. The problem has been how to get rid of the buildings, which must be torn down and removed within a year of the close of the fair, and although several propositions have been made none of them seemed to be either business-like or feasible. Instead of a salvage of $1,500,000 or more from the buildings, which was relied on some months ago, the local directors will consider themselves in great luck if they are not compelled to have to pay a large sum to have the buildings removed. By means of this auction scheme the bidder for the buildings will be compelled to remove them.

### Talmage's Suggestions.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Rev. Dr. Talmage in yesterday's sermon urged the celebration of the 1900th anniversary of the birth of Christ by a great convention from all the world in New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City.

### Tried to Break Jail.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 25.—A convict named Bennett, one of the Dalton gang, recently sentenced at Toronto to 15 years in the penitentiary for bank robbery, was caught on Friday night attempting to dig his way out of his cell. He had been working at the hole for some time and carried out the dirt in the morning, in his pockets. It would have taken the convict some years to make a passage big enough to escape through. Bennett is now in the dark cell.

### The Stolen Sealskins.

Lynch, a seaman, formerly employed on the schooner Ocean Belle, was arrested to-day, charged with taking part in the recent sealskin robbery. The case was called in the provincial court this afternoon, Police Magistrate Macrae presiding. The mate and several seamen of the schooner are to be called as witnesses. The first evidence was being taken as the Times went to press.

### General Dispatches.

Port Townsend, Wash., Sept. 25.—The steamer Albatross arrived yesterday from Behring Sea and brought information of the probable fatal illness of Hon. J. K. Luttrell of California, special government agent in charge of the Alaskan fishment agent in charge of the Alaskan fisheries. He is afflicted with Bright's disease and since his arrival at Sitka on the 9th from a tour of the districts has been given up by the physicians. The family are at present in Seattle.

Oakland, Cal., Sept. 25.—A trunk was washed ashore at West Berkeley to-day. It is supposed to be the one in which Dr. West carried Miss Gilmour's remains to the bay. Policemen have gone to examine it.

## SHORT LOCALS.

—McGregor & Jeeves, contractors for the Work Estate surface drain, will commence work to-morrow.

—The Natural History Society will shortly issue their annual report. It is being printed by the government, and will contain over two hundred pages.

—John Hemming was arrested this afternoon, and will answer to a charge of vagrancy in the police court Tuesday morning.

—Ald. Baker has a notice on the bulletin board providing for the election by ballot of an overseer on the Work Estate and Spring Ridge sewers, and stipulating that the appointee shall be either a practical bricklayer or mason.

—The sewerage committee met this afternoon, when the claim of Contractor McDonald for compensation for having the Spring Ridge contract awarded him, and which award was afterwards rescinded, was brought up. Contractor McDonald was present at the meeting.

### "The End Of The Land."

Under the above caption the New York Sun publishes a rather suggestive article. Alluding to what is known as the opening of the Cherokee outlet, it points out that that will practically be the final allotment of the free lands of the United States—not that the agricultural lands of the United States have been taken up, for millions of acres of unsettled lands are still held by railway companies, but that the government has parted with all the public lands available for free homesteading. That we take to be the meaning of the Sun's remark: The opening of the Cherokee Land, the Sun says, will be the end of the greatest agricultural movement known in the history of mankind. Every year it will require more and more of the food products grown in the United States to feed the United States. The business of feeding the outer world must then perforce pass into other hands. The Sun points out that any increase of food products that is possible hereafter in the United States will not keep pace with the increase of mouths to consume them. Under the new conditions, asks the Sun, where can any fraction of the landless find new farms? How are the added people to be fed? What will be the effect on wages of the inability of any of the added population to resort to the land, and the necessary crowding into cities of more than 90 per cent. of the 1,500,000 individuals annually added to the nation's working force? From the foregoing considerations the Sun deduces the prophecy that the farmer is about to have his innings. "Great is the future of the American farmer, and vast will be the measure of his reward!" As one result of this inability to procure new farms will be that thousands of the abandoned farms in the older states will be re-occupied, and there will probably be an overflow into the abandoned farms in Canada, particularly along the frontiers of Ontario and Quebec. If the American farmer is to have his innings why not the Canadian? The innings of the Canadian farmer will come when tariff reform relieves him from the burdens of protective taxation and permits him to reap the legitimate rewards of his labor. Let the Canadian farmer have the advantage of lowered taxation, freedom of trading and honest government, and he, too, would soon have that reward which he deserves, and for which he has been compelled to wait too long.—Halifax Chronicle.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

## PERSONAL.

A. F. McMillan, of Ottawa, is in the city.

Charles Wilson is down from the mainland.

Capt. Copp, of Vancouver, is at the Oriental.

Dr. Gaston Bovart, of Vienna, is at the Driard.

A. H. B. Macgowan, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Frank K. Parker, of the Northwestern, is in the city.

F. C. Davidge was a passenger from the Sound yesterday.

James Sclater, Vancouver, agent of the C. P. R., is in the city.

Miss Heathfield returned last evening from a visit to Seattle.

Capt. Jones and A. W. Vowell returned from the Sound yesterday.

J. C. Maclure and H. J. Scott returned last evening from the mainland.

G. C. Shaw and Mrs. Shaw were passengers from the mainland yesterday.

Harry Witt, of San Francisco, is in Victoria on his regular monthly visit.

Hon. Theo. Davie and Mrs. Davie returned from the interior last evening.

J. Houston, editor of the Nelson Tribune, will leave for home to-morrow evening.

George A. Morphy returned on Saturday from the Sound, where he spent a fortnight.

C. G. Henshaw, of the Inland Revenue Department, returned from Vancouver last night.

R. M. Boyd of the N.P., at Seattle, came up on the Kingston last night and is at the Victoria.

Lieut.-Governor Dewdney and Mrs. Dewdney leave for New Westminster in the morning to open the fair.

W. Brown, J. A. Fullerton, J. E. Fagan, E. A. Quigley, C. G. Johnson, J. Burnes, jr., and J. F. Miller are down from Vancouver to meet the Empress.

P. T. Dunn, of Vancouver, who has been in California for his health, returned on the Queen last evening. He was accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Dunn.

Messrs Quigley and Hunter of the B.C. Rifle team will spend some time in the east visiting friends, Mr. Quigley in Nova Scotia, and Mr. Hunter in Ottawa.

Among those at the Victoria are: G. W. March and wife and Eva March of Norristown, Pa., and Annie G. Rossiter of Pittsburgh, and J. S. Proctor of St. Paul.

W. M. Southam, son of the proprietor of the Hamilton Spectator, is spending a few days in the city on his way home, via San Francisco and Chicago. Mr. S. has been ranching in the Northwest for the benefit of his health, and having fully recovered his strength is now going back to newspaper work for the benefit of his pocket.

Addis Gallagher, of Portland, Ore., arrived on the Kingston on Saturday evening to join Mrs. Gallagher, who has been visiting in the city for the past month. Mr. Gallagher has been connected for the past four years with the well-known house of Honeyman, DeHart & Co., of Portland, and comes to Victoria with a view of remaining permanently.

Smith has been well backed to win in this city and one sporting man, who is an ardent admirer of Dixon, stands to lose about $800 should the latter suffer defeat. A full description of the fight will be received at the Delmonico, arrangements having been made to bulletin the battle round by round. The first dispatch will be received about 8 p.m.

## PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Queen from San Francisco—A. H. Tracey, R. R. Michael, Mrs. McBride, Mrs. Dungan, J. A. Cooper and wife, A. H. Carpenter, W. S. Struther, Mrs. Unger, H. R. Wilson, J. Gellingo and wife, Miss M. B. Jones, Miss Wellman, Miss Wellman, W. B. Wellman, J. A. Cane, R. McDougall, Miss Turner, S. H. Seymour and wife, E. C. Brown, V. A. LaPrince, J. H. Farraday, E. S. Smith, E. E. Archer, P. T. Dunn, Miss Dunn, Mrs. Dunn.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Saturday—C. Brewster, N. Barford, R. Maynard and wife, J. Croft, C. D. Rand, C. R. Townley, Van Innes, A. M. Tyson and wife, Miss Douglas, V. Trotman, H. H. Ellis, A. F. McMillan, Mrs. Moon, George Smith, M. McCarthy, Jas. Forman and wife, J. McCarthy, A. H. Scaif, Thomas Allis, Miss Townley, A. P. Judge, C. Simpson, A. D. McKim, A. Magraw, R. Coullister, E. A. Chapman, Miss E. Moon, Mrs. Langnurse and children, E. Donaldson, Mrs. T. B. Godfrey, A. Wilson, C. A. Holland and wife, Dr. Corson and wife, A. Addson, Thos. Hooper, Wm. Townley, Mrs. Monon, S. G. Pugh, Jas. M. Leithead, J. R. Rennie, G. E. Church, John Magraw, M. E. Doherty, W. Burgess and wife, Miss M. Moon.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Saturday—H. H. Dash and wife, S. J. Dash and wife, Mrs. O. H. Dash, Mrs. A. A. Wagner, Ide. Buggermus, J. Powell, Miss L. Powell, C. P. Harris and wife, Miss L. Harris, H. V. Cooley, C. Howard, T. Keoning, H. Witt, W. Robinson, Dr. W. R. Hayden and wife, Mrs. M. Becker, Miss M. Becker, George E. Dann, C. King and wife, George Faulkner, Miss M. Aimes, Mrs. A. Pierce, F. C. Van Dyk, H. L. Harris, H. Hogland, E. A. Keife, Miss Smith, Miss E. Smith, F. L. Smith, Mrs. D. R. Child, Miss V. Stockwell, Mrs. J. H. Ransom, C. A. Cook, E. McLean, Miss Easton, Miss Gordon, Mrs. Anderson, C. J. Wilkes, W. D. Forbes, J. R. Scott, W. E. Warner, Mrs. R. Irving, Wm. Whitworth, Judge R. O. Strong, C. Williams, C. R. Friedman, George Pick, Miss Aspland, J. Fisher, L. Howarth, M. A. Slater, A. G. Morrison, A. R. Hamilton, E. J. Haten, B. O. Sinclair, Mrs. P. J. Dodds, Mrs. Warner, Geo. Denny and G. H. Morphy.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—Sunday—Capt. Jones, R. L. Skinner, Edna Porter, Kittie Howard, A. W. Vowell, H. G. Green, Nellie Elmover, J. Loutson, W. H. Hilligas, Mrs. George Stuart, R. O. Campbell, J. H. Penruddock, Mrs. W. Allen, L. C. Pier, R. White, Mrs. E. S. Sherman, W. J. Barry, A. Miller, Starr Sherman, Miss K. Edmunds, W. Fry, Miss Dunn, Miss Edmunds, J. T. Williams, C. L. Joslyn, Miss M. Edmunds, Mrs. J. T. Williams, J. Margins, F. W. Parker, R. Archer, A. R. McDonald, J. Barrington, W. Shields, C. R. Shindler, J. Pettigrew, T. A. Heiftronner, Miss Heathfield, T. H. Trun, J. T. Bamar, R. M. Boyd, C. McMullen, F. C. Curry, George D. Snow, G. Davis, A. Wilhurst, C. Maxwell, Laura Whitaker, Jennie Gray, A. Sockman, Dr. Bodert, J. L. Proctor, Miss Henry, Miss Buheimer, S. C. Kline, G. W. March, Eva March, Capt. H. Morden, Anna Rossiter, Mrs. March, C. P. Hitt, G. Rochier, Miss D. Jackson, T. Ford, Miss Backus, G. F. Wake, F. C. Davidge, F. Childs, E. J. Harris.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Sunday—S. Hero, E. Peashaw, H. T. Dodds, R. Wolf, T. Chadwick, T. Turner, Mrs. Hemming, Mrs. Wolf, C. G. Henshaw, Miss Moore, J. C. Maclure, C. P. Reid, F. M. Battenbury, H. J. Scott, J. Burns, A. H. B. Macgowan, G. C. Shaw, J. Barrett, R. Robinson, F. Miller, J. E. Fagan, E. A. Quigley, Charley Yin Yuen, A. D. McLellan, R. R. Jeffcord, Chas. Wilson, Mrs. Maclure, Capt. Copp, Thomas Henry, W. Cressell, Hon. M. W. Elphinstone, C. G. Johnson, E. Hellin, Ed Martell, Miss Opperheim, Miss Evans, J. McDougall, M. McQuillan, W. Monteith, G. M. Jeffery, Hon. Theo. Davie, Capt. Ettershanks, J. A. Fullerton, W. Brown, Ben. Shaw, F. V. Austin, D. McPhadden, Mrs. Theo. Davie, O. Brown, W. Hemmingway, Mrs. Peterson, Mrs. Dannlison, A. P. Layley, Miss Richards, F. J. K. Manning, Mrs. G. C. Shaw, J. N. Henderson, R. Willis, Mrs. Manning, T. M. Hyman, Mrs. Willis, A. Owens, Mrs. Owens.

## CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver: Saturday—G. E. Church, J. W. Anderson, Fell & Co., J. & A. Clearihue, H. Saunders, E. Wall, Miss M. Ketring, Adeson, care Cal. Wine Co., Fuller & Goodwin, G. L. Courtney, J. Tolitck, Ramsay Bros., Vic. Iron Works, Wilson Bros., M. Hardy, R. P. Rithet, Dom. Express Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Saturday—P. McQuade & Son, Green, W. & Co., T. Dunn & Co., Allice & A., S. Leiser, J. & A. Clearihue, Union Colliery Co., A. M. Herring, D. Stegman, B.C. Mills T. & T. Co., Colbert & W., E. E. Blackwood, Hong Wo & Co., Quong M. Fing Co., G. F. Torey, H. Mansell, G. K. Gilbert, D. McPherson.

Per steamer City of Kingston from the Sound—Sunday—Vancouver Loan T. S. & G. Co., Allice & A., Brackman & K., Standard Oil Co., H. J. Brady & Co., Henry Saunders, R. Baker & Son, McLachlan & Bro., B. & K. Milling Co., C. T. W. Gipe, Mary Buma, Indian, E. E. Blackwood.

Per steamer Queen from San Francisco—Allice & Aust, A. McGregor & Son, Balfour, Guthrie & Co., Brackman & Ker M. Co., Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., D. H. Ross & Co., Fell & Co., Gam Fook Yuen, Hudson Bay Co., Hall, Ross & Co., Hip Lung, J. & A. Clearihue, John Barnsley & Co., J. H. Todd & Son, J. W. Grace & Co., Jas. Fisher, Langley & Co., Leddingham Bros., P. McQuade & Son, R. Baker & Son, R. P. Rithet & Co., R. Ward & Co., B. B. Esmon, S. Leiser, S. Shore, S. M. Hartmann, See Hop, Spratt & Gray, S. Schoe, Thos. Earle, T. N. Hibben & Co., Tai San, Vaio & Brooks, Wilson Bros., W. H. Perry, Yee Chong, Yuen Lung, W. H. Kinniston, V. Tubacco, Jas. Vair, J. W. Andreszejewski, McDonald Bros., Tong Sing, Mrs. J. Willoughby, P. Gable, D. Rogers, Baker & Leeson, Chas. Anderson, C. S. Philp, J. G. Hutchinson, John Potter, McMillan & Hamilton, Winch & Bowen, W. R. Megan, Wells, Fargo & Co.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Lever Bros., Bank of B. N. A., J. Hutcheson, Walber Bros., C. Bagett, Miss Wadsworth, G. C. Shaw, C. E. Jones, H. Saunders, J. Horner & Co., J. H. Baker, W. Wilby, J. A. T. Caton, J. Fullerton, Nat. Elec. Co., Weiler Bros., R. Ward & Co., E. Wall & Co., Order T. B. & Co., Rev. J. B. McCullough, W. Wilson, S. H. E. Co., order T. L. S. Shore, Langley & Co., H. Waller, Cochrane & Munn, Simon Leiser, T. Haughton, W. J. Pendray, Allice & Ault, Molson's Bank, A. & W. Wilson, J. H. Todd, J. Maynard, Lenz & Leiser, Col. Ind. Rev., H. Mansell, Cookson & P., W. & J. Wilson, S. Marks, H. B. Co., W. G. Cameron, Cavin Bros., Johns Bros., Simmons & C., Ames Holden Co., M. & L. Young, McMillan Bros., H. S. Fairall, S. L. Kelly, care Green, Worlock & Co., T. Shotbolt, Vic. Plumbing Co., Dean & Cryderman, G. Everton, Wilson Bros., A. B. Erskine, S. Reid, Dom. Exp. Co., T. N. Hibben, Gilmore & McC.

## BIRTH.

PHILLIPS—On the 22nd inst., at 43 Chatham street, the wife of W. J. Phillips of a daughter.

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6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.
6 YARDS GREY FLANNEL $1.
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12 YARDS TOWELING $1.
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15 YARDS WHITE CALICO $1.
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WOMEN'S HEAVY BLACK WOOL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR.
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CHILDREN'S HEAVY W'LL STOCKINGS 25c. A PAIR IN ALL SIZES.
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WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
WHITE BLANKETS $2.25 A PAIR.
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WHITE LACE CURTAINS 50c. PAIR
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A GOOD LINE OF CORSETS 50c. A PAIR.
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A GOOD LINE OF CORSETS 50c. A PAIR.

J. Horner & Co.

## A LEADING QUESTION

with us at this time is how we may reduce our stock of seasonable supplies. We must

## RUN THE GAUNTLET

of all the drummers with fall goods who are already receiving orders for immediate delivery, and we must have a place to put them on their arrival, hence we are faced with a question the solution of which

## BROOKS NO DELAYS.

In order to move our goods rapidly into the hands of consumers we are offering these special prices. A large lot of

WINTER UNDERWEAR And MACKINTOSH COATS

At ONE THIRD LESS than regular prices.

Cameron, 55 Johnson Street.



## Notice—For Cash Only.

On and after September 15th, the Victoria West Coal Yard will sell Coal at the following rates.

Best Wellington (Screened) Coal, $7.00 per Ton. Best Slack Coal, $4.00.

All orders must be accompanied with Cash.

Telephone 212. VICTORIA WEST COAL YARD.



## FOR CASH ONLY.

We the undersigned Coal Dealers from and after the 15th inst. will sell Coal at the following Rates:

Best Screened Coal, - $7.00 per Ton.
do do do - : $2 per 1-4 Ton.
Slack, - - - - $4.00 per Ton.

All orders must be accompanied with Cash.

VICTORIA COAL, WOOD & LUMBER CO.,
CENTRAL COAL AND WOOD YARD,
WELLINGTON COAL YARD,
BRODERICK'S COAL YARD,
ROCK BAY COAL YARD,
JANION'S WHARF COAL YARD.



## NEW GOODS

For Fall and Winter

Just Received at

A. GREGG & SONS, TAILORS, 62 Yates Street.



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That we supply THE TRADE with the Celebrated Woonsocket Brand

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

SEND ORDERS DIRECT LENZ & LEISER



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## PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

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Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

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In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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WELL DONE our Lacrosse Boys! You won in the East, but I won in Victoria; for I study the comfort of my Customers and sent out more

Paragon Oil Cans

Last month than any other Grocer in the City.

H. SAUNDERS, The People's Grocer.

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SUGAR

70 Pound Sacks For Family Use.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.



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Splendid Summer Resort.

Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations. GEORGE KOENIG, Proprietor.

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Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the

ONLY OPTICIANS

In British Columbia,

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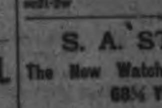
37 Fort Street.



## NOT RESPONSIBLE.



American Schooner "Wm. Bowden"

CARL FJERSEN, Master.

Neither Capt. Fjerem nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

ROB'T WARD & CO., Limited Liability, Temple Building, Agents and Consignees.

se21-2w



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